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TAFT TALKS OF TARIFF

Hopes to Have New Tariff in Effect by the First of June

New York, Feb. 27—President-elect William H. Taft declared in an interview here yesterday that a revision of the tariff is a primary requisite for relief of the present business condition and he expressed the hope that revision would be accomplished by June 1. Speaking of this revision Mr. Taft said to a reporter:

"As this is the primary requisite the relief of the present conditions, I want it disposed of at once. I am hopeful that there will be important revisions in the existing schedules made by Congress in an extra session and I look forward to June 1 as the date when most of the changes will become effective."

Mr. Taft's opinion was given after an interview with James W. Van Cleave, president of the National Manufacturers, Association, who called to urge the creation of a permanent tariff commission.

After Mr. Van Cleave's departure, Mr. Taft said he favored such a commission, but did not favor its immediate appointment. He declared that he felt the present tariff schedules are onerous to business, halting it with the force of a drag-brake, but he added that revision was all important first, and then perhaps a commission.

Such a commission, if appointed now, he said might block the plan for revision as now contemplated. After the revision the commission could gather data, watch the workings of the new law and suggest amendants to it.

Mr. Taft also quoted from the letter which he sent to S. E. Payne, chairman of the tariff conference held at Indianapolis on Feb. 16, in which Mr. Taft wrote:

"A tariff commission would be harmful on useful as its functions were described in the bill. My own ideas have been that there ought to be a permanent commission of tariff experts to keep themselves advised by all the means possible of the cost of producing the articles named in the schedules in foreign countries and in this country. I think that what we lack is evidence and some such means might well be used for the purpose of securing it. I should be the last to advocate a commission with any power to fix rates, if that were constitutional, as it would not be, or with any function other than that of furnishing evidence to Congress upon which, from time to time, it might act."

Mr. Taft is of the belief that the present halt in business is due to the uncertainty over the coming legislation, and that Congress would in all probability expedite its consideration of the tariff schedule as rapidly as possible in order that business may quickly adjust itself and resume its normal trend.

This opinion was expressed to Mr. Van Cleave and H. E. Miles of Racine, Wis., chairman of the tariff committee of the National Manufacturers' Association. Mr. Taft told Mr. Van Cleave that he desired to have further information concerning a commission of tariff experts, and would give it his every consideration. Tariff changes always halt business for a time, was the opinion expressed by Mr. Taft, and the sooner such legislation was drawn and adopted the better for the country.

Mr. Van Cleave said after his conference with Mr. Taft that the President-elect expressed his belief in a tariff commission to consider changes in tariff schedules from year to year.

Both Mr. Van Cleave and Mr. Miles were enthusiastic when they

(Continued on Page Two)

Geo. B. French Co

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Collar Buttons Very Special

500 DOZEN GOLD PLATED COLLAR BUTTONS—One piece; guaranteed for wear and will not break. 12 buttons, assorted, on a card, at only 5c per card.

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS

Geo. B. French Co

KITTERY LETTER

Farewell Reception to Remicks

Mrs. Owen Pettigrew Is Laid to Rest

Choral Society Plans for a Lively Season

Kittery, Me., Feb. 27.

A very pleasant occasion was the reception given to Mr. and Mrs. George Remick and daughter Ruth in the vestry of the Second Methodist church on Friday evening. It was in the nature of a farewell before their departure for the West. The fololowing assisted in receiving: Rev. and Mrs. Daniel Onstott, representing the church, Mrs. Asher Damon of the Ladies' Aid, Mrs. Charles Philbrick, who is president of the Epworth League, and Mrs. Isaac Farr, representing the local Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The ushers were Mr. and Mrs. Amos Rundlett and Mr. Charles Philbrick. During the reception Rev. E. H. Macy played the following piano solos: "The Lion Hunt" by C. Kolling, opus 55, "Simple Confession", Shone, "Melody in F," Rubenstein. A short program followed and included readings by Mrs. Milton Cochrane and Miss Mabel Hodgdon, a vocal solo and piano solos by Rev. E. H. Macy. In behalf of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union Mrs. Remick was presented with a fine umbrella by Mrs. Anna Hobbs. In well chosen words Rev. Daniel Onstott presented Mrs. Remick with a gold watch and chain. On the outside was Mrs. Remick's monogram, within was inscribed "Martha A. Remick, from friends in Kittery, Maine, Feb. 26, 1909." The Mothers' Jewels, by Gladys Milliken and Dorothy Rundlett, presented Miss Ruth a nice Bible, appropriately inscribed. This was in part from her Sunday school class. Refreshments of cocoa and fancy crackers were served.

The services of Sunday at the Second Christian church will be in the following order: At 10.30 a. m., preaching by the pastor, Rev. Edward H. Macy; subject of sermon, "God's at Home," followed by the session of the Bible school. At three o'clock the Junior League will meet in the vestry led by Miss Estella Kramer. The six o'clock service of the Christian Endeavor Society will be led by Mrs. Leslie Coffin; subject of meeting, "Present Day Pioneers," At the seven o'clock service the pastor will have for the subject of his sermon, "The Leaven of the Pharisees."

Mr. W. G. Meloon of Newmarch street is suffering from an attack of the grip.

At the business meeting of the Choral Society the following officers were chosen for the season President, Mr. Mervin G. Ford; executive committee, Mr. Charles C. Prescott, Dr. H. I. Durgin, Mr. Arthur Lane, Miss Adelaide Brown, Miss Millie Damon; secretary and treasurer, Miss Eleanor Lovell. Rehearsals will be held every Thursday evening in the vestry of the church at 7.30 o'clock under the direction of Mr. Charles C. Prescott.

Miss Mabel Moore is visiting relatives in Portsmouth for a few days.

Mrs. Gillispie and Mrs. Clarence M. Price have been visiting Mrs. Edith Genthner of Charlestown, Mass.

Mrs. E. E. Shapleigh is visiting her sister in Washington, D. C., for several weeks.

On Thursday evening at a meeting of York Rebekah Lodge, Mrs. George Remick was presented with a handsome Rebekah pin by Noble Grand Etta M. Keene in behalf of the members of the lodge.

Little Thomas Stevenson is confined to his home with a cold.

Mr. Leslie Bickford of Pleasant street is at home with a severe cold.

On account of the funeral service of the late Mrs. Owen Pettigrew, there was only one session of Mrs. Chick's class of the Wentworth school on Friday, Mrs. Pettigrew was Mrs. Chick's aunt.

Mr. and Mrs. Synott of Pine street are entertaining Mrs. Rita Smith and two children of Bath, Me.

Miss Arvilla Shaw of Central street has been confined to her home for some days with a severe cold.

Riverside Lodge of Odd Fellows will hold their regular meeting in Odd Fellows' Hall on Monday evening.

A pleasant social dance was held by the Red Men in Grange Hall on Thursday evening.

By actual count of the congregation at the Second Christian church last Sunday evening the males were found to outnumber the females by three, the record standing thirty-six to thirty-three. Who says men do not attend church?

At the Second Methodist church on Sunday the services will be as follows: At 10.30 a. m. preaching by the pastor, Rev. Daniel Onstott; subject of sermon, "How to Find Godo"; followed by session of the Sunday school. At the five o'clock vesper service the pastor will take for the subject of his sermon "When Jesus Failed." The new Alexander Hymnals will be used at this service. The Epworth League will met at six o'clock.

The funeral of Mrs. Cecil A. Pettigrew, wife of Owen Pettigrew, was held on Friday afternoon at the home in North Kittery, attended by Rev. Mr. Harrold. She was laid to rest in the family lot at North Kittery. The arrangements were in charge of O. W. Ham.

The following are the advertised letters at the local postoffice: Miss Ida Fisher, William Manning, Miss Madge Parsons, Mrs. F. A. Thompson. Mrs. Mary E. Williams.

USE ELECTRIC LIGHT

It is clean, sanitary and economical.

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY LIGHT & POWER CO.

J. S. Whitaker, Supt.

DR. BAILEY CAN'T LIVE

Manchester, N. H., Feb. 27.—Word is received from Washington that Dr. George A. Bailey, private secretary to Congressman Sulloway, is rapidly failing, and that he is likely to die at any moment. Dr. Bailey was stricken in Virginia nearly three weeks ago and was removed to a hospital.

U. S. WEATHER PREDICTION

Saturday night and Sunday—Fair with moderate temperature and light winds. There may be squalls with snow or rain.

THREE CRUISERS COALING

(Special to the Herald)

Washington, Feb. 27.—The cruisers Salem, Chester and Birmingham are today reported coaling at Bradford coaling station. When this is complete they will start across the Atlantic ocean on the test to determine the merits of different styles of engines.

TWO THOUSAND BLUEJACKET

(Special to the Herald)

Norfolk, Va., Fb. 27.—Two thousand mn were landed from the fleet and paraded here today.

The city wears a gala appearance.

PORTSMOUTH AND EXETER CARS

No Trouble About Use of the Loop Line At Exeter

The story was started this week that the Exeter, Hampton and Amesbury street railway would not renew the permit of the Portsmouth and Exeter street railway to run over the former's rails at Exeter, even if a sale was made.

The chairman of the committee appointed by the Board of Trade and Merchants' Exchange has interviewed President Allen Hollis of the Exeter, Hampton and Amesbury Company and he said his directors had talked over the matter and after looking at the situation he said: "You may say to your people that our company will make a satisfactory arrangement with those who purchase the Portsmouth and Exeter to run over our irons.

Mr. Parker of Stratham was immediately notified and he met Mr. Hollis yesterday.

BROKE DOWN UNDER STRAIN

One Officer of Big Fleet and Others Are in Need of Rest

New York, Feb. 27.—The World today publishes the following:

Any other world girdling cruise for battleships that may be ordered for the American navy will be against the advice of the senior officers who commanded during the cruise that came to an end at Hampton Roads on Monday. All the admirals and captains of the battleship fleet who have been seen by their friends, privately and not for publication, have allowed it to be inferred that they do not want to be subjected to another such strain.

During nearly fourteen months they have been under a tension that has drawn them down to not much more than skin and bone. Each one of the 45,000 miles steamed by the ships has taken toll from the officers upon whose shoulders rested the responsibility for the men in their commands and the safe guarding of about $85,000,000 worth of property.

The weight became too great for Capt. Hamilton Hutchins, the commander of the Kearsarge. At Gibraltar he had to give up his ship. He gave it up voluntarily.

EVENTS OF ELIOT

Local Politics As Election Day Draws Near

Another Week of Revival At the Adventist Church

Eliot, Me., Feb. 27.

Local politics is beginning to warm up, with town meeting only sixteen days ahead. There seems to be more talk about road commissioners than in regard to selectmen. From the north end of the town mention comes of Elbridge Goodwin, the present commissioner. In the center, Cyrus A. Hooper appears to be making no effort to secure another term and William A. Shapleigh is understood to be a candidate. Roy F. Staples would like to look after the South Eliot roads another year, and there is some talk that Harris E. Spinney may be a candidate. John R. Goodwin is understood to be slated for another term as selectman, and the same is understood in regard to Alfred Spinney if he is able to get out and attend to business after this winter's sickness. There is considerable inquiry in regard to the other place on the board of selectmen and the name of LeRoy G. Hill is frequently mentioned. Town Clerk Joseph H. Dixon will probably have little or no opposition for reelection.

Rev. Edgar T. Pitts gave his interesting lecture on Abraham Lincoln to a large audience at the Congregational church on Friday evening.

Mrs. N. S. Barnard is better, though not able to be out. She fell on the ice Feb. 15 and dislocated once shoulder.

The Eliot Woman's Christian Temperance Union was entertained by Mrs. Harry L. Staples at South Eliot on Friday afternoon.

The revival meetings now being conducted by Evangelist John M. Kelley of Maine at the Advent church are being well attended in spite of bad weather and worse roads. Mr. Kelley will speak at 2 and 7 p. m. Sunday and is to remain with the church, speaking every evening during next week at 7.30.

REVENUE CUTTER MOHAWK GROUNDS

Government Vessel May Be Lost in New York Harbor

New York, Feb. 27.—Hell Gate caught the Mohawk, the crack cutter of the United States Revenue Service, on its trap of submerged rock late yesterday afternoon and threatened to sink her, with a complement of seventy officers and men on board. Rescuers reached the scene so quickly that there was little or no danger of loss of life, but the fate of the boat is still hanging in the balance.

Yet despite the fact that any moment the vessel might founder, the thirty-five men composing the crew, stuck to their posts, and Captain Stanley Marion Landray ordered the operator of the wireless telegraph apparatus to give the alarm.

From the cutter, which is of steel, 205 feet long, signals were flashed to United and Deforest Wireless Companies. They said that the Mohawk, bound from New London to Tompkinsville, Staten Island, had come to grief and relief was needed.

Captain C. O. Hamblet, commander of the United States Revenue Cutter Service, was called from his bed by a telephone message a few minutes later and he rushed to the barge office. There, with the twenty-five men of the Cutter Manhattan, the Commander started to the scene. The Manhattan never made such speed before and she soon reached the distressed Mohawk.

Meanwhile the Mohawk was in constant communication with New York and Washington by wireless, reporting progress. At first these messages were cheerful. Then they became grave. Water was filling in and the pumps had to be worked constantly. Water had entered the fire room, but the crew was working valiantly, keeping the flow from the boilers.

"Several beams in the bow are broken and others bent," came the flash before the Manhattan reached its sister ship.

It is believed the Mohawk is doomed. She is listing and leaking badly.

FOUR CARS OFF THE TRACK

Extra Freight Was Derailed at Conway Junction

The Portsmouth wrecking train and crew were called to Conway Junction today where a west-bound freight in shifting got four cars off the track, on a siding.

Making Good Makes Friends



There is no way of making *lasting* friends like "Making Good"; and Dr. Pierce's medicines well exemplify this, and their friends, after more than two decades of popularity are numbered by the hundreds of thousands. They have "made good" and they have *not* made drunkards.
A good, honest square-deal medicine of known composition is

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It still enjoys an immense sale, while most of the preparations that came into prominence in the earlier period of its popularity have "gone by the board" and are never more heard of. There must be some reason for this long-time popularity and that is to be found in its superior merits. When once given a fair trial for weak stomach, or for liver and blood affections, its superior curative qualities are soon manifest; hence it has survived and grown in popular favor, while scores of less meritorious articles have suddenly flashed into favor for a brief period and then been as soon forgotten.

For a torpid liver with its attendant indigestion, dyspepsia, headache, perhaps dizziness, foul breath, nasty coated tongue, with bitter taste, loss of appetite, with distress after eating, nervousness and debility, nothing is as good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

It's an honest, square-deal medicine with all its ingredients printed on bottle-wrapper—no secret, no hocus-pocus humbug, therefore *don't accept a substitute* that the dealer may make a little bigger profit. *Insist* on your right to have what you call for. Don't buy

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Expecting it to prove a "cure-all." It is only advised for woman's *special* ailments.

It makes weak women strong, sick women well. Less advertised than some preparations sold for like purposes, its sterling curative virtues still maintain its position in the front ranks, where it stood over two decades ago.

As an invigorating tonic and strengthening nervine it is unequaled. It won't satisfy those who want "booze," for there is not a drop of alcohol in it.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the *original* Little Liver Pills, although the first pill of their kind in the market, still lead, and when once tried are ever afterwards in favor. Easy to take as candy. They regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

IN THE CHURCHES

Methodist Church

Rev. George W. Farmer, pastor.

Preaching Sunday morning at 10.30; subject, "The Sifting Process."

Sunday school at 12.

Devotional meeting of the Epworth League at 6.30.

Another Alexander song service at 7.30. Rousing singing with choir and congregation. Short gospel talk by the pastor on "The Unbroken Circle."

Junior League meeting at 9.30 each Sunday morning.

Pearl Street Free Baptist Church

Preaching at 10.30 by Rev. J. Scribner; subject of sermon, "The Penalty of Sin."

Sunday school at 12.00.

Gospel service with short sermon by Rev. Mr. Scribner at 7.30.

Christian Science Society

Services at Conservatory Hall, No. 2 Market street.

Regular Sunday morning service at 10.45; subject for Feb. 28, "Christ Jesus."

Sunday school 11.50.

Testimonial service every Wednesday evening at 7.45.

A free reading room is maintained at the same address where a welcome is offered to the public and authorized literature concerning Christian Science may be read or purchased if desired. Open daily except Sunday from 2 to 4 p. m.

Middle Street Baptist Church

Morning worship at 10.30. Rev. L. H. Thayer preaches in exchange with the pastor.

Evening worship at 7.30 with sermon by the pastor upon "The Great Divide."

The men's class meets in the Annex at 12 o'clock. This class has its own opening exercises, is taught by Principal G. H. D. L'Amoureux, and welcomes all men to its sessions.

Monday 7.30 p. m. Young Men's Guild. The pastor will give a glimpse of Palestine, showing a few views he obtained while there. Friends are invited.

Tuesday 7.45, Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

Thursday at 2.30, business meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society. Supper will be served at 6.15. At 7.30 a speaker to be announced will give an address.

Friday 7.45, prayer meeting.

Universalist Church

The first of the special Lenten sermons to be given at this church will be delivered next Sunday morning.

10.30 a. m., sermon; "The New Light from the Old Cross." Matthew, 16:24.

12 m., Sunday school.

6.30 p. m., social service, Young People's Christian Union, "The Universalist Idea of a Creed," Romans 14:1-12.

The Ladies' Social Circle will have a supper and entertainment in the vestry on Thursday evening beginning at 6.30 o'clock.

Advent Christian Church.

J. F. Barnes, pastor.

10.30 a. m., Prayer and Testimony.

12.00 m., Sunday school.

2.30 p. m., subject of sermon "Conversion—What is it, Can one be Saved without it?

6.00 p. m., Loyal Workers service.

7.15 p. m., Song service followed by sermon on "An essential quality for a successful life."

North Church

Morning worship at half-past ten, with preaching by Mr. Stanley of the Middle Street Church, in exchange with the pastor.

Vesper service at five o'clock. Sunday School in the chapel at noon. Young Peoples' meeting in the Parish House at ten minutes past six.

Peoples Church

Sunday service 11 a. m.

Sunday school 12 m.

C. E. 7.30. Preaching 8 p. m.

Prayer meeting every Friday evening at 8 p. m.

All are welcome.

There will be an oyster supper Thursday evening, March 4 to which all are invited.

Christ Church.

First Sunday in Lent.

Services at 7.30 and 10.30 a. m.

The Catechism at 12 m. Evensong and the Reproaches at 7.30 p. m.

Music at 10.30 a. m.

Processional No. 79, Forty Days and Forty Nights	Heinlein
Kyrie	Merbecke
Gloria Tibi	Plainsong
Gratias Tibi	Plainsong
Credo	Merbecke
Offertory No. 652, I need Thee every Hour,	Lowry
Sanctus	Merbecke
Benedictus	Merbecke
Agnus Dei	Merbecke
Communio, O Saving Victim	Uglow
Gloria in Excelsis	Merbecke
Post Communion, No. 88, Lord, in This Thy Mercy's Day	Monk
Processional No. 82, Weary of Earth, and laden with my sin	Langrain

Music at 7.30 p. m.

Processional No. 8? Abide in Spirit, Lord to Thee,	Dykes
Versicles and Responses	[illegible]
Psalter for the day	Plainsong
Hymn, No. 78, Lord, Who throughout these Forty Days, Old English Melody	
Hymn, No. 363, O Lamb of God Still Keep Me	Maker
The Reproaches	
Processional, No. 79, Forty Days and Forty Nights	Heinlein

The rector will preach at 10.30 a. m.

Eucharist and Evensong at 7.30 p. m.

Lenten Services during the week will be as follows: Holy Communion on Thursday and Friday at 7.30 a. m. Evensong on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday at 5 p. m. Evensong and Story of the Cross on Wednesday at 7.30 p. m.

Meeting of the Women's Auxiliary on Tuesday at 7.30 p. m.

Choir rehearsal on Friday at 7.30 p. m.

St. John's Music.

Venite	E. E. Osborn
Gloria Patri	Gregorian
Benedictus	E. E. Osborn
Hymn	
Gloria Tibi	Tours
Hymn	
Offertory "Shepherd of Israel,"	Nevin
Holy Communion	
Sanctus	Morrison
Hymn No. 228	
Gloria Excelsis	Jackson
Nunc Dimitis	Barry

Unitarian Church.

Sunday, February 28, 1909.

Services at 10.30, preaching by the Pastor.

Sunday school in chapel at 12.0.

Musical program will be as follows: Anthem "We Praise Thee O God." Dudley Buck

I will Lift up Thine Eye. Morrison

Contralto solo, "The Lovely Story of Old." Mrs. Priest.

Court Street Christian Church.

Regular morning worship with preaching by the Rev. J. B. Fenwick of Rye at 10.30 a. m. Sunday school at 11.45. Christian Endeavor in the evening at 6.30. Preaching by the Pastor at 7.30 p. m.

A little more moderate weather.

Receipt That Cures Weak Men---Free

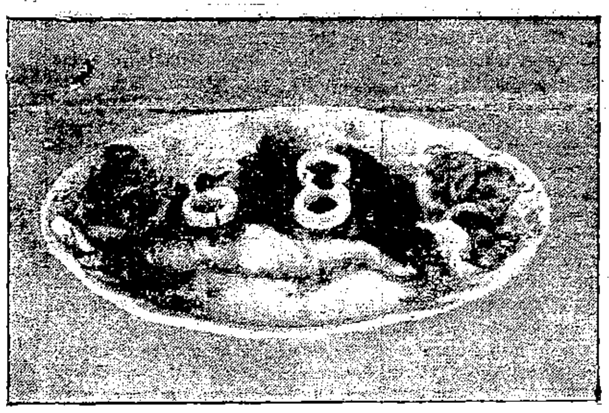
Send Name and Address Today--- You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous.

I have in my possession a prescription for nervous debility, lack of vigor, weakened manhood, failing memory and lame back, [illegible] that has cured so many worn and nervous men right in their own homes without any additional help or medicine, that I think every man who wishes to regain his manly power and virility, quickly and quietly, should have a copy. So I have determined to send a copy of the prescription free of charge, in a plain, ordinary sealed envelope to any man who will write me for it.

This prescription comes from a physician who has made a special study of men and I am convinced it is the surest-acting combination for the cure of deficient manhood and vigor failure ever put together.

I think I owe it to my fellow man to send them a copy in confidence, so that any man, anywhere who is weak and discouraged with repeated failures may stop drugging himself with harmful patent medicines, secure what I believe is the quickest-acting, restorative, upbuilding, SPOT-TOUCHING remedy ever devised, and so cure himself at home quietly and quickly. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, 4?? Luck Bldg., Detroit, Mich., and I will send you a copy of this splendid receipt in a plain, ordinary envelope, free of charge.

Good Things To Eat



BROILED FINNAN HADDIE.

Broiled fish makes a good breakfast dish in all seasons, and one of the most appetizing is finnan haddie. Do not soak this fish before broiling, but freshen it afterwards by pouring boiling water over it in the same way that oldtime cooks used to freshen their broiled salt cod fish before buttering it.

Cut the fish into a shapely piece and broil over a good fire in a greased wire broiler or toaster for a few minutes, browning slightly on both sides. Do not let the fish burn, or rest over a slow fire until it becomes dry, but give it your undivided attention for the few minutes needed. Put it in a small tin pan, cover with boiling water and let stand for eight minutes. Have a platter heated, drain the fish, lay it on the platter unbroken and butter it generously. Garnish with anything suitable at hand, like lemon slices, parsley, hard boiled egg, or serve without trimmings.

Garnishing if well and appropriately done is always an addition, but it should be secondary to the care in preparation. Creamed finnan haddie is another good breakfast dish prepared by making a white sauce and heating the finely flaked fish in it. This fish is so slightly salted that it will not keep a long time like salt cod.

TAFT TALKS ON TARIFF

(Continued from first page)

left Mr. Taft. They were prepared to arouse the whole country in favor of tariff revision, they said, and with that end in view a committee of 100, representing every state in the Union, would labor to bring about the desired result.

"What we want," said Mr. Van Cleave, "is an honest tariff and not an apology for one. For the last forty years the tariff has been more or less of a farce. Now let us have real revision."

Mr. Van Cleave and Mr. Miles told Mr. Taft that they indorsed his views on the tariff and heartily approved of his recent letter to Chairman Payne. It was learned that Mr. Taft told the two business men he was willing to have a commission appointed to examine into the tariff question and to have a clause inserted in the tariff bill providing for the appointment of such a commission.

There will be a special session of Congress beginning March 15, to consider tariff matters.

National Committeeman Charles F. Brooker of Connecticut; Ralph Peters, president of the Long Island railroad; Gen. J. C. Underwood and John Barrett, president of the Bureau of American Republics, were callers on Mr. Taft today. The President-elect and his brother, Charles P. Taft, had luncheon at the Holland House.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

The music of the Eucharist at Christ church on Sunday will be fifteenth century English Plainsong, by John Merbecke, and will be sung by the regular choir under the direction of W. W. McIntire.

Can't look well, eat well or feel well with impure blood feeding your body. Keep the blood pure with Burdock Blood Bitters. Eat simply, take exercise, keep clean and you will have long life.

TREASURES IN LACE

INVESTMENT OF £200,000 IN OUT-OF-WAY PLACE, LONDON.

Quiet Looking Place in Mayfair Street, With Little or Nothing in the Window to Indicate the Huge Stock Which Lies Within.

In an important street in Mayfair may be found a quiet looking shop, with little or nothing in the window to indicate that a huge treasure lies within. Yet this is one of the most famous lace establishments in Europe, says London Tit-Bits, and its proprietor (whose stock is valued at £200,000) is much sought after by compilers of society paragraphs, because he is a sort of walking guide in the British peerage.

Having an appointment with this gentleman, I called upon him one evening about half-past five, but found him engaged with a tall lady, clothed in a long fur mantle, who was buying up seemingly insignificant trifles at 20, 10, and 50 guineas each.

The assistant, who brought me an illustrated paper wherewith to beguile the time, informed me in an undertone, that this was the wife of a wealthy ship owner, and that her order would probably reach the respectable figure of £500.

At last the merchant was free to chat with me, so when we had retired to a private room he handed his safe key to the manageress and ordered his treasures to be brought forth for inspection.

"All my valuable laces are kept in a strong room," he remarked, "just as the Hatton Garden man stores his rubies and his diamonds." At this moment two assistants deposited several rolls of silk and plush upon the table.

"I want to draw your attention to the fact that this very piece of costly lace is stitched on to silk or plush, lest it should get crumpled or torn," continued the expert, "and that the latter accident is a very serious matter will be seen from the fact that a single flounce, 10 yards long and 16 1-2 inches deep, worth £2,000 took four workmen more than two years to mend." This lace had been torn from the wearer's dress during a state ball, and the bill for repairs was simply enormous.

"But how is it that all the pieces of old lace get into your hands?" I asked, as I examined through a powerful glass a series of marvellously worked tableaux, presenting the history of St. John the Baptist.

"Every scrap of antique lace that I possess has been privately sold to me by ladies who desire to either affect an exchange or who are in immediate need of money," was the surprising reply.

"Other ladies of high degree insist upon having fichus made composed of half real and half artificial lace—an order which I dislike greatly.

"What do you consider a big order?" I asked presently, after having dwelt upon these amazing facts.

"Well, trousseaux run into the most money," replied the merchant meditatively. "Only a month ago I had a trousseau order for £3,500, but I am bound to say that it is very rarely that people spend so much money nowadays. At present I should consider an order for £700 a very good thing.

"But I get quite as much satisfaction from an advantageous purchase of my own. Look at this, for example," he continued, unrolling a piece of yellow plush upon which were stitched several small pieces of old lace. "Here are some lappets and a fond de bonnet which belonged to Queen Charlotte, wife of George III.

"The Queen gave this lace to one of the ladies of the bedchamber, who was the present vender's great-aunt. The vender, by the way, is a bishop's wife, and she asked 30 guineas for the set. I shall pay her the sum with pleasure, for I can easily resell the lace for £250."

A Novel Match Scratcher.

A match scratcher can be made by cutting a colored figure from a fashion plate and pasting it neatly



MATCH SCRATCHER.

on a piece of cardboard. The skirt portion is cut from a piece of sandpaper and pasted so as to exactly fit the figure.

Varied Hints.

To remove cake readily from tins place them on a wet towel or cloth immediately on taking them from the oven.

If starched clothes become wet with rain on the line, do not take them down but allow them to remain until the sun dries them and they will have lost none of the stiffness.

If in sprinkling clothes a whisk broom is used the clothes will be dampened much more evenly than by sprinkling with the hand.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE,

(Music Hall) PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

F. W. HARTFORD, Manager.

WEEK OF MARCH 1ST

HARCOURT COMEDY COMPANY

SUPPORTING

CHARLES K. HARRIS, AND MISS MAY MELVIN

IN REPERTOIRE

EVENINGS	MATINEES
Monday—"A Fight for a Million"	Tuesday—"The Gambler's Wife"
Tuesday—"Dens of New York"	Wednesday—"A Child of Fortune"
Wednesday—"The Great Detective"	Thursday—"Dens of New York"
Thursday—"My Old Kentucky Home"	Friday—"The Little Colleene"
Friday—"The Devil"	Saturday—"The Gates of Justice"
Saturday—"Heart of the Klondyke"	

PRICES—Evenings, 10, 20 and 30c. Matinees, 10 and 20c

MONDAY NIGHT MARCH 1st WILL BE LADIES NIGHT

A MOUNTAIN OF NICKEL

One-half mile long and eight hundred feet high. This is only the cap of the deposit. Only a day's journey from Boston, Mass. Six hundred acres of land. Modern and concentrating mill now in operation. There is enough ore in sight to run 1000-ton concentrating mill for the next one hundred years. Cost of mining this ore by open quarrey is only 20 cents per ton.

Titles to this property are perfect. The company has no debts, except local running expenses. A large number of mining engineers have carefully investigating this property, and without exception teyh all say it is beyond human belief to realize without personal investigation. Out of fifty-three conservative business men who have visited the property, and made searching investigation, fifty-one have invested.

There is more nickel ore in sight, many times over, on this property then all the other known deposits in the world combined. The directors of this company are among the best and most conservative business men in New England. We are going to enlarge our present plant to three hundred tons daily capacity. Anyone who wishes to visit this mine can do so at the company's expense by purchasing one hundred shares of stock, and if, after personal investigation, they should find that one word of our statement have been exaggerated they may surrender their certificate and get their money on demand, and all their expenses to and from the property will be borne by the company just the same.

We are offering a small block of our treasury stock at $1.00 per share. If you wish an absolutely safe and conservative investment buy all the stock that you can get at this price. You will be glad to get it at $5.00 per share in the near future.

U. S. NICKEL COMPANY

Office Hours 10 to 2 258 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

FOR ME!

FRANK JONES

Portsmouth, N. H.

ALES

The Kind That They Try to Imitate—But Always Fail

For Fifty Years No Competitor Has Been Able to Put An Article Out to Compete With Our

Lively Ale

It Has That Creamy Look—It Reaches The Spot.

THE ALE

That Never Fails to Satisfy

If Your Dealer Doesn't Have It, Write

THE FRANK JONES BREWING CO.

Portsmouth, N. H.

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

PEACE AND LOVE OF MANKIND

The Unswerving Tendency of Human Development

ROOT DISCUSSES PEACE

Essential That Our Country Should Insist Upon Willingness to Do Justice to All Countries of the Earth—Least of the Three Principal Causes of War Is Actual Injustice

New York, Feb. 27.—The peace society of New York brought together around the banquet board at the Hotel Astor last night a most notable gathering of men prominent in national, state and city affairs. The dinner was in honor of Senator-Elect Root of New York. Joseph H. Choate was toastmaster. President-Elect Taft, Governor Hughes, James Bryce, the British ambassador; Baron Takahira, ambassador from Japan, and Joaquin Nabuco, Brazilian ambassador, were the speakers, and the guests numbered about 800.

Among these 800 were many prominent citizens of New York, representative of all the arts, professions and industries. It was a brilliant scene when the guests took their places at the tables in the big ball room.

Mr. Root was given a remarkable demonstration when he made his way to the speaking pulpit. The diners stood up and while the orchestra played a fanfare they applauded and cheered the former secretary for some time.

"Peace can never be except as it is founded upon justice," said Mr. Root, "and it rests with us in our own country to see to it that the idea of justice prevails and prevails against the declamation of the demigod, against the interested exhortations of the politician, against the hot temper of the fop and of the inconsiderate.

"It is essential that we should promote and insist upon the willingness of our country to do justice to all countries of the earth. In the exercise of those duties in which the ambassadors of Great Britain, of Brazil, and of Japan have played so great a part in the last few years in Washington, the great obstacle to the doing of things which make for peace has been the inconsiderate and thoughtless unwillingness of the great body of the people of the respective countries to stand behind the man who was willing, for the sake of peace and justice, to make fair concessions.

"War comes today as the result ether of actual or threatening wrong by one country to another, or as the result of a suspicion by one country that another intends to do it wrong; and upon that suspicion, instinct leads the country that suspects the attack to attack first; or, from bitterness of feeling, dependent in no degree whatever upon substantial questions of difference and that bitterness of feeling, leads to the suspicion, and the suspicion in the minds of the suspect and who entertains the bitter feeling is justification for war. It is their justification to themselves.

"The least of these three causes of war is actual injustice. In this country of ours, we are far from free from being guilty of these great causes of war. The gentlemen who introduced into the legislatures, of California, Montana and Nevada, the legislation regarding the treatment of the Japanese in those states doubtless had no conception of the fact that they were doing an injury by an insult that would bring on private war in many private relations in our own country. But the wiser heads and the sounder hearts, instructed and enlightened upon the true nature of the proceedings, prevailed and overcame the inconsiderate and thoughtless.

"Two-thirds of the suspicion, the dislike, the distrust, with which our country was regarded by the people of South America, was the result of the arrogant and contemptuous bearing of Americans or people of the United States for these gentle, polite, sensitive, imaginative, delightful people.

"Now this is the subject for you to deal with. The government cannot reach it. When the public opinion has risen to that height all over the world that the peoples of every country treat the peoples of every other country with that human kindness that binds home communities together you will see an end of war.

"No one can fail to see that the continuous and unswerving tendency of human development is towards peace and the love of mankind."

HISTORIC HOME BURNED

Famous Men of Repolution Had Enjoyed Its Shelter

Port Chester, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The Robert Merritt homestead, one of the oldest landmarks in Westchester county, was destroyed by fire.

The building is said to have sheltered in its time all the principal characters of the revolution.

It was from the Merritt house, according to tradition, that General Putnam sallied forth on his notable ride down the precipitous Greenwich hill.

CUE EXPERTS IN MATCH

Youthful Crack and Man Without Hands Play In Milwaukee Tonight

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 27.—One of the most interesting of billiard matches will be the one played at the Milwaukee Athletic club tonight between Calvin Demarest, the former amateur champion of the United States, and George H. Sutton, "the handless wonder." The game will be played at 18.2 balk line, in which both contestants are adepts.

Demarest is frequently hailed as the coming champion of the world. He is only 21 years of age and won the amateur championship twice before entering the professional ranks. Sutton is one of the best billiard players in America, despite the handicap of the loss of his hands in a buzzsaw accident. He has met and defeated some very good men with the cue. He holds his cue close to his body with the stump of the right arm, guiding it with the stump of the left, the right moving the cue when he is ready to shoot. He makes frequent use of the bridge.

A FAIRYLAND INDEED

Scene of Taft Inaugural Ball Will Be One of Extreme Beauty

Washington, Feb. 27.—In preparation for the inaugural ball on the evening of March 4, the transformation has begun of the big, barn-like court of the pension building, the largest brick building, it is said, in the world, into a veritable fairyland.

The decorations for the ball alone will cost about $20,000. This does not include the framework on which the decorations will be hung, which will total several thousands more. In the electrical display between 7000 and 10,000 incandescent electric lights and miles of wire will be used.

In the floral scheme there will be used 2000 blooming plants, 300 cases of southern smilax and hundreds of growing American beauties and crimson rambler plants, in addition to hundreds of dozens of cut flowers.

BOWLING TOURNAMENT BEGINS TONIGHT.

Country's Greatest Players Entered In Pittsburg Events

Pittsburg, Feb. 27.—With the fall of the first balls on the bowling alleys in Duquesne Gardens tonight the greatest event in the history of bowling in America will commence. It will be the opening of the ninth annual tournament of the American bowling congress, which will continue in session until March 20. The leading players of the game that is now generally recognized as the greatest of winter pastimes will compete in the tournament. Ninety cities in the United States are represented in the entry list.

The number of entries for the tournament is 2137, and it is estimated that fully 30,000 games will be rolled on the specially built alleys. Prizes amounting to $25,280 will be awarded.

Preparations have been made by the city to take care of the 50,000 visitors who are expected to attend the congress. Hundreds have arrived for the opening night, and as the game is very popular here and practically all its followers have signified their intention of being present at the first game Duquesne Gardens will certainly be crowded to the limit.

FIVE BURNED TO DEATH

Well-to-Do Widow and Her Children Were Perhaps Murdered

Bakersfield, Cal., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Minnie Beekman, a widow, and her four children were burned to death in their home near here. The police say they were murdered and that the house was fired. The children were from 6 to 14 years old.

The charred bodies were found in bed. The half consumed mattress on which Mrs. Beekman had slept was covered with what appears to be bloodstains.

Mrs. Beekman's husband died a year ago. He had two children by a former wife. To these he left $100 each and bequeathed the remainder of his $75,000 estate to his widow and her four children.

CO-EDUCATION ABOLISHED

Women Will Be No Longer Admitted to Wesleyan University

New York, Feb. 27.—Co-education at Wesleyan university at Middletown, Conn., was abolished at a special meeting here of the trustees of that institution.

The action was taken after a prolonged discussion and is the result of the long continued opposition of the male undergraduates of the institution.

A proposition to establish a separate college for women was referred to a special committee.

New Fraternal Society

Albany, Feb. 27.—The "Mutual Indemnity and Protective Union of Connecticut, incorporated" of New Haven, has been authorized to conduct business in this state as an assessment fraternal beneficiary order. It issues sick, death and accidental certificates to members of the Masonic fraternity only.

BROAD GROUND IS COVERED

In Recommendations of Conservation Conference

SENT IN TO CONGRESS

Establishment of Permanent Conservation Commission In United States, Canada and Meicxo Is Urged—Public Health, Forests, Waters, Lands, Minerals and Protection of Game Among the Important Matters

Washington, Feb. 27.—The "declaration of principles" adopted by the North American conservation conference, which has just concluded its work here, in which certain recommendations are made for conservation of the natural resources of the United States, Canada and Meixco, was transmitted by President Roosevelt to congress.

In his letter of transmittal the president declares that the conference "will unquestionably, as the declaration recites, 'result in mutual benefits and tend to draw still closer the bonds of existing good will, confidence and respect.'"

The declaration points out that "natural resources are not confined by the boundary lines that separate nations. We agree that no nation acting alone can adequately conserve them, and we recommend the adoption of concurrent measures for conserving the material foundations of the welfare of all the nations concerned, and for ascertaining their location and extent."

After pointing out that the conference not only performed with marked efficiency and entire unanimity the important duties which devolved upon it, the president declares that "it has suggested a still wider field of useful action."

The president then refers to the suggestion made by the conference as to an international conference on conservation, and says that, acting upon this suggestion, he has addressed such an invitation to the nations of the world, "in the confident belief that such a meeting will foster the interests of every nation, will injure those of none, and will confirm and strengthen in us all the belief that the good of each is likewise the common good of all."

The establishment of a permanent conservation commission in each of the three countries perhaps is one of the most important recommendations of the conference.

The report declares that a system of inter-communication should be inaugurated between the conservation commissions whereby, at stated intervals, all discoveries, inventions, processes, inventories of natural resources, information of a new and specially important character, seeds and seedlings of new or improved varieties and other productions which are of value in conserving or improving any natural resource shall be transmitted by each commission to all of the others, to the end that they may be utilized as widely as possible.

The report deals with every phase of conservation and makes recommendations concerning the public health, forests, waters, lands and minerals, and for the protection of game under regulation, the creation of extensive game preserves, and special protection of such birds as are useful to agriculture. Preventive legislation is recommended against further pollution of waterways throughout North America.

Recommendations also are made that all lumbering operations shall be carried on under a system of rigid regulation; and it advises the complete and concurrent development of streams and their sources; regulation of grazing on public lands; the disposal of public lands to actual settlers and government control of non-irrigable public lands; and the construction of artificial works to conserve the rainfall and promote regularity of water flow.

The conference also recommends that all possible encouragement and assistance be given the development and perfecting of means reducing waste in the consumption of fuel; it counsels a scientific investigation of mine accidents by the three governments, and the enactment and enforcement of the best regulations that can be devsed which will provide "the greatest possible security for mine workers and mines."

DELIVERY OF LIQUOR

Law Permits the "Accommodation" In No-License Towns

Malden, Mass., Feb. 27.—Liquor may be delivered in a no-license town or city if the sale has been made and completed in another town or city, according to a decision rendered in the Malden district court by Judge Bruce.

The delivery, however, must be as an accommodation and not for hire or reward.

Troops Defeat Pirates

Paris Feb. 27.—The governor of Indo-China declares in a cablegram received here that the Tonkin troops have defeated the Dethan pirates at Yenthe.

SUNDAY HORSEWHIPPED

Fanatic Attacks Evangelist In Presence of a Big Crowd

Springfield, Ills., Feb. 27.—Rev. William Sunday, a former baseball player who is now an evangelist, was horsewhipped last night at the Sunday tabernacle, where he was conducting a religious revival meeting.

Sunday, after his opening remarks, was leaning against the pulpit on an elevated platform while a hymn was being sung by his choir leaders, when Sherman Potts sprang forward with a buggy whip and struck Sunday several terrific blows.

Sunday leaped from the platform and dashed his assailant to the floor in the center aisle. The audience of 8000 persons was on the verge of a panic, while Potts and Sunday rolled about in the aisle. Several men soon seized Potts and they held him until he was arrested. Sunday said he suffered several painful bruises from the whip.

The prisoner said his home was near Lovington, Ills. According to his statements he was once committed to the Jacksonville insane asylum and after a brief confinement was released as cured. He said he came to Springfield to horsewhip Sunday in defense of the virtues of women, which he declared had been criticised by the evangelist. The police say that Potts is a religious fanatic.

THREE RETIRED FARMERS

Retail Merchants Compose Balance of Jury In the Oil Trial

Chicago, Feb. 27.—The jury in the re-trial of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, for alleged acceptance of rebates from the Chicago and Alton railroad on shipments of oil, was completed tentatively at the end of Friday's session, but the government and the defendant corporation reserve the right to re-examine the men in the jury box when court reconvenes on Monday.

Of the twelve men in the box, three are retired farmers and the others are retail merchants. Five are Chicago men.

THE QUALTROUGH COURT MARTIAL

Sentence of the Georgia's Captain Approved at Washington

Washington, Feb. 27.—Secretary Newberry has approved that portion of the sentence of the court-martial which sentenced Captain Edward F. Qualtrough of the battleship Georgia to a loss of ten numbers in rank, following a trial at Gibraltar on charges of intoxication and conduct unbecoming an officer.



CAPTAIN QUALTROUGH.

That portion of the sentence suspending Qualtrough from duty for six months, which was approved by Admiral Sperry, required no action by the navy department.

A WIDE-AWAKE POLICEMAN

Lands Man Suspected of Killing Two Men and Assaulting Woman

New York, Feb. 27.—John Barbuoto was taken into custody here, charged with the brutal murder of two men and the assault of a woman at Middletown, N. Y., on Jan. 26.

The arrest was made by Patrolman Henry Spitz of Union Hill, N. J. He was on duty there on Feb. 14 when he heard a group of Italians talking.

One boasted of a double murder and an assault he had committed in Middletown, and Spitz had this man trailed to a house in this city. Then he set about verifying the man's story and this verification happened yesterday.

Spitz disguised himself as a painter and went to the house in "Little Italy" where his man was. His disguise enabled him to gain entry to the man's apartment where, after a brief struggle, he overpowered Barbuoto and placed him under arrest.

CRETIC NOT DAMAGED

White Star Liner None the Worse For Her Recent Grounding

Boston, Feb. 27.—The big White Star line steamer Cretic was not damaged when she grounded off Fort Warren last Tuesday night. The ship was placed in dry dock Friday afternoon and the examination showed that her plates are intact.

BANK CASHIER GOES ASTRAY

Misuses Funds of a New Hampshire National Bank

ACCOUNTS $19,500 SHORT

Said to Have Covered Up True Condition by Using Securities Belonging to Private Depositors as Bank Paper—Alleged Embezzlements Are Thought to Have Been Carried on For Many Years

Woodsville, N. H., Feb. 27.—A new face at the cashier's window of the Woodsville National bank and a brief announcement in the local paper were the first intimations given the residents of this town that Herbert W. Allen, cashier of the bank since its incorporation twelve years ago, was under arrest, charged with embezzlement.

An examination of the bank's books disclosed the fact that the cashier's accounts were $19,500 short, and in a statemnt made to the directors of the institution Allen is alleged to have admitted the responsibility for the shortage.

The shortage was discovered through a simultaneous visit of National Bank Examiner Bean and three state bank commissioners, who uncovered the true condition of the bank by preventing the cashier from operating a plan by which, it is said, the trouble had been covered up. This plan, it is alleged, consisted in offering as bank paper securities taken from private compartments in the bank's safety deposit vaults and belonging to individual depositors.

Allen was arrested by United States Marshal Nute and taken before the United States commissioner at Littleton, on the specific charge of embezzlement of $4000 of the bank's funds. He pleaded not guilty and was released in bonds of $10,000.

It is understood that the alleged embezzlements have been going on for several years, and that the misapplied funds have been put into Allen's personal purchases of western land company stocks.

According to officials of the bank, the loss to the institution will be exceedingly small, if there is any loss at all. Allen was bonded to the extent of $10,000 by a surety company, and he has turned over to the bank holdings of western land stocks.

It is understood that the officials of the Woodsville Guaranty Savings bank, which was located in the same quarters as the national bank, were partially responsible for the latest investigation of the national bank's books. Allen was a trustee of the savings bank, although not active in its management, and was elected to office on borrowed stock in order that he might serve in advisory capacity.

Allen is also the treasurer of the town of Haverhill, of which Woodsville is a precinct, and in addition, he is treasurer of the Woodsville precinct. His town accounts for 1908 were returned a few days ago and are said to be correct.

The Woodsville National bank was organized twelve years ago by Allen, who came here from St. Johnsbury, Vt. Previous to Allen's advent, the bank was a small trust company. Allen was elected cashier of the reorganized institution and occupied the position up to Thursday, when Jerry Abbott was elected as his successor.

MODEST ALDERMEN

Waterbury's City Fathers Appoint Themselves to Paying Positions

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 27.—Judge Wheeler of the superior court handed down a decision removing Deputy Building Inspector Robert Mackie from office on the ground that Mackie, while a member of the board of aldermen, which elects to the position, voted for himself.

As a result of the decision several other city officers, it is said, will be affected, several members of the board of aldermen having had themselves appointed to paying positions under the jurisdiction of the board, which Wheeler holds illegal, on the ground of public policy.

GOLDBERG GETS THE LIMIT

Life Imprisonment For Second Offense of First Degree Burglary

New York, Feb. 27.—For the first time in New York county a life sentence was imposed on a man convicted of burglary.

Judge Malone, in general sessions, imposed this sentence upon Samuel Goldberg, who with a "pal" robbed the apartment of Charles E. Bailey, and was convicted of burglary in the first degree as a second offense.

His companion received a twenty-year sentence.

The Business World

New York, Feb. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly Review of Trade says that although the cuts in steel add some confusion to the existing weakness in the iron and copper trades, and have brought about a sharp decline in the security market, yet the reassertion of the law of supply and demand must prove ultimately helpful to the business situation, however disturbing the immediate effects.

DEATH BY STRANGULATION

Witness Shows One Way In Which It May Be Accomplished

New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 27.—A demonstration of the manner in which Mrs. Ida Howard met her death, according to the theory of the prosecution, was an incident of Friday's proceedings at the trial of William C. Howard, the artilleryman who is charged with the murder of his wife.

District Attorney Swift placed himself in the hands of Private Doyle of Fort Rodman, who had previously testified that he had taught Howard how to kill a person by pressure on the carotid arteries.

While Swift faced the court spectators, the soldier, standing behind him, placed his thumbs under the district attorney's ears with the palms of his hands against his cheeks. He was applying some pressure when Swift said hastily: "That is sufficient; you need not press," and the demonstration was ended.

TAFT MISREPRESENTED

Has Not Changed His Position on the Tariff In Any Way

New York, Feb. 7.—President-Elect Taft vigorously protested against what he said was an absolute misrepresentation in certain New York newspapers of what he said yesterday in answering questions regarding tariff revision.

He really stated, he said, that the present business depression was undoubtedly due in a large measure to the fact that the tariff is to be revised at an extra session of congress to meet March 15, and that it was of the highest importance that this work of revision should not be delayed, but executed with all possible diligence.

Mr. Taft was particularly perturbed over what he called a misrepresentation. He declared he had changed his position in no way, and held the same views he publicly announced during and since the campaign.

BLOOD RELATIVES CUT OFF IN WILL

Rich Woman Also Forbids Use of Money For Religion

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 27.—The will of Mrs. Fannie F. Allen of Malden, disposing of property valued at $100,000, was filed in the Middlesex probate court here.

Cutting off all of her own blood relatives entirely, with the explanation that the estate originally belonged to her husband, and discriminating between her husband's relatives by leaving nothing to those whom she "believed to be endowed with plenty of this world's goods," Mrs. Allen qualified her bequests still further by ordering that the legatees shall each make oath, and sign an affidavit under oath, that they will devote no part of their legacy for church or religious purposes.

It is believed that the will will result in an extended contest in the courts on the part of those persons cut off by Mrs. Allen.

NO CHARGES AGAINST HIM

Battleship Captain's Relief Due to His Serious Mental Condition

Washington, Feb. 27.—Captain Hamilton Hutchins, who was relieved of his command of the battleship Kearsarge by Admiral Sperry just before the fleet left Gibraltar, is to be examined by a special medical board which will look into his mental and physical condition. His mental condition is said to be most pitiful.

It was because of the great nervous stress under which Hutchins labored that, at his own request, he was relieved of his command. His condition is believed to be due to the great strain and responsibilities incident to the voyage around the world.

Admiral Sperry says that there were no charges against the captain, his relief being due entirely to his nervous condition.

NEW YORK JEWS ORGANIZE

Almost a Million Persons Represented In Meeting Tonight

New York, Feb. 27.—Delegates representing the hundreds of thousands of persons of Jewish faith in New York will meet tonight in the building of the United Hebrew Charities to advance the project of an organization that will look after their interests.

The call for the meeting speaks of "the need of the unification of the various elements of the Jewish population of New York, which has reached the aggregate of almost 1,000,000 persons, and of bringing about harmony and a proper sense of solidarity in place of the deplorable conditions which now exist."

Press Muzzle Applied

Moscow, Feb. 27.—The newspaper Zhign was fined $1500 for printing Count Tolstoi's latest article against the infliction of the death penalty, entitled "No Evil Without Good."

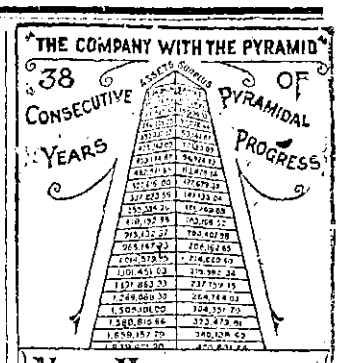
The Weather

Almanac, Sunday, Feb. 28.
Sun rises—6:22; sets—5:33.
Moon sets—2:17 a. m.
High water—6 a. m.; 6:30 p. m.

Snow in north and rain or snow in south portion of New England will be followed by generally fair and slightly colder weather.

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With increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be intrusted to his care. He will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries he will do turfing and grading in the city short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale; also Loam and Turf. Orders left at his residence, corner of Rich ards Avenue and South Street, or by mail with Oliver W. Bean, 68 Market Street will be given prompt attention.

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TELEPHONES
EDITORIAL — — — — — 28
BUSINESS — — — — — —37

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., Postoffice as second class mail matter.

For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests.

1909 FEBRUARY 1908

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28						

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1909.

THE DARTMOUTH PRESIDENCY

"Cobbler, stick to your last."

That is the proverbial form of the reason given by Congressman McCall for refusing the presidency of Dartmouth College. Yet no man should stick to his task so closely that he will not or can not take part in larger affairs or will become unable to leave it for an opportunity to be of greater usefulness.

Mr. McCall puts the argument on the high plane that a man having achieved a high standing with still greater work ahead, should not betake himself to other pursuits even for an attractive offer. The world feels that he is right in the statement of a general principle.

It has lately become public that Hon. William H. Taft was once urged to be a candidate for the presidency of Yale University and refused on the ground that a professional educator should be chosen to the position.

The real question just now is the selection which the Dartmouth College trustees must make soon.

A NEW DEER LAW

Following a short but interesting hearing, the house committee of the New Hampshire legislature on fisheries and game agreed Thursday upon a new deer law which it will recommend to the legislature to take the place of the present law that has proved unsatisfactory in some details during the past two years, the period within which it has been in operation. Being practically unopposed and drawn to meet the complaints against the present law, it is believed that the bill will pass without alteration.

The bill amends Sect. 16 of Chap. 79 of the Laws of 1901, as amended by the Laws of 1907, as follows:

The New Deer Law.

Section 1. Strike out the whole of Sect. 16 of said Chap. 79 and substitute therefor the following:

Sect. 16. No person shall hunt, catch, kill or destroy any deer within the limits of the county of Coos, except during the months of October and November of each year, or within the limits of the counties of Grafton and Carroll, except during the months of November and the first fifteen days of December of each year, or within the limits of the counties of Sullivan, Cheshire, Hillsborough, Merrimack, Belknap, Strafford and Rockingham, except during the first fifteen days of December of each year, and then within the limits of the counties of Hillsborough, Merrimack, Belknap, Strafford and Rockingham, with shotguns only, using a single ball or loose buckshot. Nothing in the foregoing shall be construed to deprive any person of his right at any time to protect his property from the depredations of deer, but any person so killing them shall immediately notify the fish and game commissioners of that fact, and whenever the commissioners or their agents shall find the killing was warrated, the carcasses of animals so killed shall be awarded to the person whose property was being damaged.

Sect. 11. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

This is a new bill prepared by the committee, after considering the numerous bills for the amendment of the deer law which had been referred to it, and embodies the good features of all in

One Comprehensive Measure.

After voting to report this with the recommendation that it ought to pass, the committee voted to return the other deer bills, with the resolution that it was inexpedient to legislate upon them for the reason that the subject matter was covered in the committee bill.

The bill changes the present law in several details. Last fall Attorney General Eastman rendered the opinion that as the old law was worded, "from the first to the fifteenth day of December," as related to the open season in certain counties, deer could not be killed on either the first or fifteenth day of the month, of the month. He held that the wording of the law opened only those days between the first and fifteenth, although it was known by all who heard the discussion in the legislature when the law was enacted that it was the intent of that body to allow fifteen days open hunting. The new bill is worded differently as regards the open season in different counties. Instead of reading from such a day to such a day, it reads "during" such and such a period. This leaves the entire period specified open.

LAW AS TO MARINES IN EFFECT JULY 1

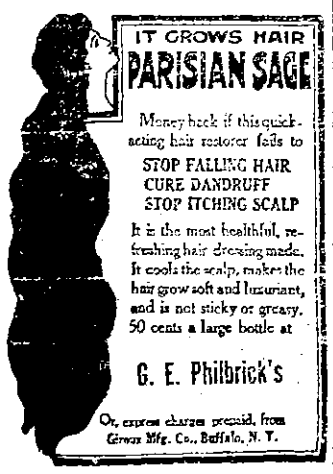
They Probably Will Be Restored to Ships, but Will Not Man Guns.

By direction of Secretary of the Navy Newberry, Rear Admiral John E. Pillsbury, chief of the bureau of Navigation, has sent a letter to Major General George F. Elliott, comandant of the Marine Corps, directing that all marine officers return to the Navy Department immediately all confidential ordnance publications since 1905. This order was not sent to officers of the navy. Since 1905 five different confidential publications on ordnanace matters have been issued by the department and have been distributed among officers of the navy and the Marine Corps for their information. These works contain much valuable data as to the manner of training and firing guns and as to the location and strength of guns on foreign warships.

This order was issued to the commandant of the Marine Corps as soon as it became known at the Navy Department that the conferrees upon the naval appropriation bill had adopted a Senate amendment restoring part of the marines to the battleships. The action of Admiral Pillsbury is regarded by marine officers as an indication that while the department intends to comply with the letter of the law the marines who are restored to the ships by action of Congress will not go back to their former duties of manning the guns at which they formerly served.

Secretary Newberry said that the President's executive order withdrawing the marines will be carried out until it is countermanded. The provision in the naval bill restoring the marines will not become effective until July 1, the beginning of the next fiscal year. In the meantime the marine detachments will be taken from the ships of the Atlantic fleet and distributed among various navy yards for a period of several months. On July 1, when the law restoring them to shipboard goes into effect, they will then be returned to the Atlantic and the Pacific fleets.

The conferees on the naval appropriation bill are still unable to agree on the item requesting the President to keep half the battleship fleet on the Pacific coast. The House conferees accepted the Senate proposition to return marines to the vessels of the navy, and the House prohibition against the purchase of powder from a trust except in case of an extraordinary emergency was accepted by the Senate conferees.



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$2.25 WORTH OF KICKAPOO MEDICINES FOR $1.00

For Two Days Only Friday and Saturday, February 26th and 27th

Since our representative has been at Philbrick's Drug Store, the sales of Kickapoo Sagwa, of which he has been giving free trial bottles, has become enormous. It seems as if almost everybody in Portsmouth and vicinity had bought Sagwa. They evidently have all been satisfied. So many of them have returned and told us of the splendid results received from Sagwa that we are more than gratified. Practicaly no one has reported disappointment in the results obtained.

However, we have a special offer that we wish to make. We believe that our other Kickapoo Remedies are equally as good as Sagwa. We want to have all the people of Portsmouth and vicinity know about them also and use them as much as they use Sagwa. We have so much confidence in all of our remedies that we believe that when people have once used them, they will become regular family remedies in every household. In order to get every one to using all our Kickapoo Remedies, we have bought of the following proposition which we are now makin to every person who reads this paper.

In order to give you an opportunity to try all of our Kickapoo Remedies without cost, and in order that you can be convinced of their remarkable virtues, we will give free of charge to every one who buys a dollar bottle of Sagwa, a regular size 25c. package of each of the following remedies:

Kickapoo Oil	25c.
Kickapoo Pills	25c.
Kickapoo Healing Salve	25c.
Kickapoo Cough Cure	25c.
Kickapoo Worm Killer, the best Children's Medicine	25c.

In accepting this special offer which is given for a very limited time only, you do not pay one cent for all five of these standard household highest quality medicines. You pay only the regular price, $1.00, for a large size bottle of Kickapoo Sagwa, the finest medicine for stomach and liver troubles and for Rheumatism and other diseases of the kidneys.

Cut this advertisement out and bring it with you to our representative at Philbrick's Drug Store, and upon the purchase of a one dollar bottle of Sagwa, you will be presented with the regular 25c package of the above five remedies. Do not wait or you may be too late. The Kickapoo Indian Medicine Company, Clintonville, Conn.

SEAPORTS OF EUROPE.

NO. 12, AMSTERDAM AND THE NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam is the most important commercial city of Holland, with a population of upwards of 600,000.

It is situated on an arm of the Zuyder Zee, which is a large shallow gulf penetrating deep into the Netherlands from the North Sea.

The town has an area of eighteen square miles and stands upon marshy ground, much of it being built upon piles. The city is traversed by many canals which divide it into ninety islands, crossed by three hundred bridges. Great attention has been paid to dredging and improving these canals. The avenues along the canals are bordered by noble elms and contain many fine buildings. The center of the business life of the city is the square called the Dam, from which radiate the principal street and street car lines. Amsterdam has long been celebrated as an educational center and it contains many institutions of learning.

It has also been the center of Dutch industry for many centuries. Here are manufactories of linen velvet, porcelain, chemicals, machinery, etc. But perhaps the most important industry is the diamond polishing business which gives employment to 10,000 men in seventy factories. These diamond mills are the most extensive in the world.

In the twelfth century Amsterdam was a simple fishing village. In 1217 it was incorporated as a town of Holland and grew rapidly. In 1585, after its subjugation by the Spaniards, it declined, but on the formation of the Dutch East and West India Companies it received great prosperity and had a population of 100,000. This prosperity was only checked by the war with England in 1780-4 and by an alliance with the French Empire in 1810. After that date commerce almost disappeared, but when the great canal to the North Sea was dug in 1876 it became one of the first commercial cities of Europe. This canal is 197 feet wide, twenty-six feet deep and fifteen miles long.

Amsterdam is a great market for butter, cheese, tobacco, rice, coffee, sugar, oil and spices. The city is surrounded by rich grassy meadows, and on the West are great number of immense windmills for grinding corn sawing wood.

The Netherlands or low country, of which Amsterdam is the capital, is situated from sixteen to twenty feet below the level oof the sea. This land has been reclaimed by the constitution of a vast system of dykes. Here gardening and raising of live stock have attained a high degree of perfection.

The people of the Netherlands have not only reclaimed large land areas from the sea, but they have also drained lakes and marshes, and they are now engaged in reclaiming from the sea a tract of land which will largely increase their present territory.

The people of the United States, particularly those of eastern states would do well to profit by the experience of the people of Holland.

Right here in New Hampshire, at Hampton, is an area of marsh land equally as fertile, which might be reclaimed at comparatively small expense and the farmers would have one of the best markets in the world close at hand.

During the past few years the agricultural department at Washington has been conducting a series of that the land is capible of producng large crops of hay and vegetables.

The methods of reclaiming such land is to systematically drain it Then to shut out the tide water by self closing gates. These gates open when the tide flows out, and closes when it turns to flow in, thus giving automatic drainage.

The state of New Jersey has made a beginning in this matter, and has reclaimed some of her marsh land by charging up against the private owners their proportionate share of the expense of reclamation.

Ernest Holmes.

LITERARY.

The March Century

The March Century is notable for the number of articles on public men and public interests. The new president is given a prominent place in its pages, with a study, published anonymously, of his interesting personality; a picture, sketched by James A. Le Roy, of his character and methods as revealed by his work in the Philippines; and a first publication of two letters of Mr. Taft, one declining to be considered for the presidency of Yale, the other accepting his appointment on the Philippines commission. In addition the reminiscences of "Rutherford B. Hayes in the White House" and the story of "Our Presidents Out of Doors" make the issue decidedly a "White House number," as it is called.

The March Everybody's

"Let the buyer beware!" John Parr says in the watchword of the Wall Street manipulator. His article in the March Everybody's in called "The Stock Yards of New York," and in the second shot fired against the ruinous practice of margin gambling. It shows by the citing of actual cases how the big speculators beat each other out of money that they have wrested from the unsophisticted outsider.

The air of the jungle, the breathless mystery of the haunt of lion and rhinoceros, are in C. Bryson Taylor's article, "The Africa that Roosevelt Will See." It is illustrated by very remarkable photographs. Richard Washburn Child describes a sterner form of sport in "Stalking the biggest of big game"—the human animal.

The March American Magazine.

In the March American Magazine Samuel Hopkins Adams relates the is the true story of man whom Mr. Adams roomed with while in college. It is doubtful whether a more extraordinary case of this kind was ever recorded.

George Fitch, the new humorist, writes on Taft. William Allen White continues his series. Ingraham Lovell proceeds with his serial story. Other story writers are: Mr. L. H. Harris, James B. Conolly, Octavia Roberts, and James Oppenheim.

"The Interpreter's House" and "The Pilgrim's Scrip" are full of good reading.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

The directors of Chase home for children gratefully acknowledge the following contributions

Methodist church,	$10.00
Miss Ann W. Pierce, quarterly gift	25.00
Lincoln Centenary Celebration Committee	1.17

AVIS G. JAMES,
Treasurer Curent Expenses.

AT THE Y. M. C. A. SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

At the Sunday afternoon service at the Y. M. C. A. the new State Secretary, I. E. Munger will address the meeting. Mrs. William P. Gray a soprano soloist wil render several selections.

The Best Cough Cure.

A half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine, two ounces of Glycerine and a half-pint of Whiskey, mixed, will cure any cough that is curable and break a cold in 24 hours. Take a teaspoonful every four hours. Ask your druggist for the genuine Leach's Virgin Oil of Pine compound pure, prepared and guaranteed by the Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, O.

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Saturdays from New York, 10 A. M. 45 hours twin screw S. S. "Bermudan" (5,500 TONS)
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Arthur Ahern, Sec'y Quebec Can., or Local Agent.

"BY LARGEST AND FASTEST STEAMERS."

GIRLS wanted in the finishing room. Gale Shoe Co. F25h3t

WANTED—Salesmen of ability and neat appearance to call on all merchants in their territory; elegant side line, convenient to carry; god commissioners; prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O.

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FOUND—A pair of glasses. May be had at Music Hall box office. F4hctf

FOUND—On Miller avenue, ladies' bracelet. Owner can have same by calling at the Herald office and proving property. N30hctf

WANTED—Boy from 15 to 18 to work in store. Address Merchant, care of Chronicle. F19hc3t

Moving Picture Shows for clubs and private parties furnished at short notice. Apply to Manager Music Hall. D8hctf

TO LET—Stores, and storage for furniture etc. Apply to H. A. Clark & Co., Commercial wharf tf.

HOUSE LOTS—On Lincoln avenue for sale. Inquire of F. W. Hartford. tf

TO LET—Steam heated tenement, 28 Fleet street. Apply at this office. J1hctf

TO RENT—Five room tenement, small rent. Will be ready March 10. Inquire at this office. F27hctf

WANTED. By a middle aged American woman, a position as housekeeper, in a small family, widower preferred, reference given. Address S. B. S., Minot, Maine, care W. S. Pulsifer.

FOR SALE—Electric motors; one 12 horse power, one 3 horse power. Inquire at this office

PLACARDS—For Sale, To Let Furnished Rooms, etc., can be had at the Chronicle office.

AGENTS wanted to sell celebrated Rogers Silverware, territory going fast. Write for particulars to The National Silver Company, No. 434 Broadway, New York City. F23hc4t

A YOUNG MAN wanted to learn good trade, a good chance for the right man. Inquire of M., Chron-Parrot Avenue.

LOST A gold locket. Finder will leave at this office and be rewarded.

FOR SALE—Large bank desk formerly used at Portsmouth Savings Bank. Inquire at this office.

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Exeter, Hampton & Amesbury Street Railway

Winter Schedule in Effect Dec. 10, 1908

Unavoidable Delays Excepted.

Cars leave Exeter for Smithtown—6.55, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., then every hour until 9.00 p. m., 10 p. m., car for Whittiers only.

Sunday—First car at 8.00, 9.00 a. m., then same as above.

Cars leave Smithtown for Exeter—6.50 8.00, 9.00 a. m., then every hour until 9.00 p. m. 10.00 p. m. car to car barn only.

Sundays—First car at 8.00 a. m., then same as above.

Cars leave Whittier's (Hampton) for Smithtown—6.30, 7.30, 8.40 a. m. then every hour until 9.40 p. m.

Sundays—First car 7.40, 8.40 a. m., then same as above.

Cars leave Whittier's for Exeter—6.10, 7.10, 8.20 a. m., and then every hour until 9.20 p. m.

Sundays—First car at 8.20, 9.20 a. m., then same as above.

Cars leave Whittier's for Hampton Beach, Jenkins only, 7.30, 8.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m., then every hour until 5.40 p. m.

Sundays—First car 9.40 a. m., then every hour until 5.40 p. m.

Cars leave Whittier's (Hampton) for North Beach Junction, making connections for Rye and Portsmouth—7.30, 8.40 a. m., 12.40 p. m., then every hour until 5.40 p. m.

Sundays—First car 9.40 a. m., then every hour until 5.40 p. m.

J. A. MACADAMS, Supt.

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WITH THE THEATRICAL FOLK

Charles K. Harris Next Week

"A Fight for a Million" will be the attraction at Music Hall next Monday evening, when the Harcourt Comedy Company begins its week's engagement.

Charles K. Harris is the leader of this company and the organization this year is said to be the strongest ever presented by the management.

In the play to be presented Monday night Mr. Harris may be seen in one of his best parts, as "Jim Gordon," a son of the mountains and plains, a fearless and care-free product of the boundless west.

The company which supports Mr. Harris is too well known to need detailed introduction. Long since they have proved themselves tobe performers of the highest order.

Vaudeville features of a high class will be introduced between the acts of the play.

Monday night will be ladies' night.

WILL GO TO PORTLAND ON MONDAY EVENING

Degree Team of Alpha Council Royal Arcanum to Work the Degree on a Large Class.

At the invitation of the Portland Council, Royal Arcanum the degree team of the Alpha Council of this city, will go to Portland on Monday evening where they will work the degree on a large class before that council. The local degree team have been practicing of late and have already a fine reputation for good work. There will be eleven men make the trip, ten in the degree team and a pianist.

MANY TRANSFER MADE

Many transfers of officers from one ship to another took place Friday. Some of the officers who went all the way around with the fleet were transferred without leave to the ships of the third squadron, which are due to sail soon for the drill grounds of Guantanama bay.

Luncheon parties postponed during the past three days of storm were held on all the ships that were not coaling.

All eyes on the fleet were turned toward Washington Friday where the future command of the ships that sailed around was being decided. Rear Admiral Sperry's flag still floated from the Connecticut, although the commander-in-chief was in Washington. Rear Admiral Arnold, commanding the third squadron was senior officer present in the roads, his flagship, the Maine, being anchored far out toward the end of the two long battle lines.

Admiral Sperry would have little to gain from continuing in command at this time, for the ships are due to remain at navy yards, whence they soon will be distributed, until May 17. They then rendezvous at Norfolk to remain probably until July 1, before proceeding to the northern drill grounds off Cape Cod for record target practice in still water.

Admiral Sperry will retire in September, so there is little in the program of the next few months that would cause him to wish to remain. It is believed the admiral's personal wishes will have great weight with the President and the navy department.

Reports that friction has occured over the customs inspection of the fleet and that there has been confiscation of the property are pronounced by officers of the returned fleet to be absolutely unfounded. On the contrary, it was stated the commanding officers are co-operating with the customs officials and facilitating the inspection in every way.

STILL KEEN ON BOWLING

Warwick Club Members Have Another Bowling Contest.

The F. W. and the W. D. O., of the Warwick club held another bowling contest at the Arcade alleys on Friday and the former were the winners after a very close contest, but by the narrow margin of nine pins. The F. W. got a lead of about fifty pins in the first two strings but fell down bad in the last string and the W. D. O. took an awful brace and came near winning out. Two hard-luck shots in the last two boxes were all that saved the F. W. from defeat. Harry Harding was high man with a three string total of 278.

The score.

F. W.				
Sugden	69	76	63	208
Eastman	62	83	70	215
Wallace	90	76	65	231
Flanagan	75	82	69	226
Harding	96	105	77	278
	392	422	344	1158
W. D. O.				
Cater	76	86	80	242
Washburn	76	79	72	227
Philbrook	78	66	89	233
Seed	78	74	77	229
Pickering	69	76	73	218
	377	381	391	1149

TO USE NEW HAMPSHIRE OAK

Boats to be Built at the Navy Yard To Be Made of This Stock in Preference to Southern Oak.

By orders of Naval Constructor John G. Tawresey the head of the manufacturing department at the navy yard, the boats built at the yard hereafter will be of New Hampshire and Maine oak, instead of Tennessee and other southern oak. It has been found that of late years the northern oak has been neglected for the more expensive but not so good southern oak, and he has given orders to go back to the old oak. For many years the oak cut in this state was thought to be the finest in the country for ship work, and in addition to being of a fine quality it is much cheaper and can be secured much easier and quicker.

MUSIC HALL.

Last Day of the Present Bill

Today is the last chance to see the vaudeville teams that make up the bill at Music Hall.

The show has been a great success and a large audience is expected on the closing night.

Miss Burton put the trained dogs through their tricks Friday night and will be with them again today.

Henderson and Thomas and the Langweed Sisters received a good share of the applause.

Special matinee for children today at 2.30 All school children 5 cents.

There was a special car from Dover for the Masons on Friday evening.

YOUR COMPLEXION

As a complexion remedy, nothing yet discovered can equal the following prescription in quickly and permanently removing pimples, eczema, blackheads, blotches and kindred diseases of the skin; it draws to the surface and quickly destroys all poisonous matter which has accumulated, leaving the tissues of the skin in a perfectly healthy condition; it will also prevent and cure chapped hands, lips and face. This is the prescription, which can be filled at any Drug Store. Clearola one-half ounce, Ether one ounce, Alcohol seven ounces. Mix, shake well and apply to the face night and morning allowing it to remain at least ten minutes, the longer the quicker results you will have. In extreme cases apply four or five times daily. The filmy powder deposit on the face may be wiped off after a reasonable time. Do not use soap instead wash the face with oatmeal and a little powdered orris root tied up in a cheese cloth bag, and no matter how bad your face is, or what the cause may have been, this will surely cure it. This prescription is perfectly harmless and can be used on the most delicate skin.

FROM EXETER

Candidates for the Town Offices

Academy Team At a Meet in Boston

The Electric Railroad Has New Offices

Exeter, Feb. 27.

The Exeter and Hampton Electric Company has now fully removed and settled in its new quarters on Water street, which site is far more desirable than the former one. The interior is attractively finished and the sample room filled with a handsome variety of samples of their lights. The private office of the manager, C. W. Rogers, is not entirely equipped, but will be commodious and inviting when finished.

Miss I. Louise Mason, of the Wellesley, Mass., corps of teachers, is at home for a fortnight's vacation.

Tax Collector Lewis S. Swain will be a candidate for renomination at the Republican caucus for the nomination of town officers.

Mr. Walter H. Conner announces his candidacy for the office of Collector of taxes.

The indications are that the annual town meeting this year here will be more spirited than last year, as some of the present officers will be opposed for their reelection. The town warrant contains twenty-one articles of various kinds, chiefly regarding the instituting of incandescent lights at different streets, and also sewers. There are, however, articles for the adjusting of the crowded conditions of the seminary and for the enlarging of the public library. The result of the election of the different officers depends on the caucus, which will be held at the town hall on Monday, March 8.

The indoor track team of the academy, numbering seventeen men, left this morning for Boston, where it will compete in the annual indoor interscholastice meet this afternoon under the auspices of the Boston Athletic Association. The men who will represent the academy are Jones, Green, Boyd, Bingham, Scheel, Burns, Cornell, Captain Fitzsimmons, James, Gillis, Wingate, Callahan, Crandall, Lewis, Guething, Barlow and Rabbette. Much interest is manifest in the outcome here, yet there are only a few who expect that Exeter will win. If it were not for the weakness in the jump and weight events the chances for a victory would be extremely bright. The balance of the team is in the sprints and middle distances. There is every reason to expect at least a second place. The event of most interest locally will be the relay race between Exeter and its erstwhile rival, Andover. The local quartet is fast and it ought to score a victory against the Massachusetts academy. The team is composed of Guething, Lewis, Barlow and Crandall, all who have made the distance of 390 yards in forty-eight seconds, or under.

Robert Rising of Springfield, Mass., of the senior class at the academy, has been chosen leader of the Glee club in place of Sanford Ames of Winchester, Mass., who was compelled to leave school on account of illness.

The funeral services of Louis Lake, who died at his home on Tuesday of this week, were held on Friday afternoon at Christ church, conducted by Rev. E. A. Horton. The bearers were Edward and Robert Rohr Augustus Kruger and Fred Kurtz. Interment was in the cemetery here.

MASONS PRESENT FROM DOVER

Grand Council of the Princes of Jerusalem, Held a Largely Attended Meeting

Grand Council of the Princes of Jerusalem for the Valley of Portsmouth and Dover was held at Masonic hall on Friday evening, with a large attendance of the masons from this city and Dover.

The degree was worked on a class and following this a banquet was served in the upper room for which Rowe and Voudy served the following menu.

Oyster Cocktail
Tomato Soup
Celery Queen Olives
Cold roast Chicken, hot brown gravy
Oyster Patties
Banana Fritters, Wine sauce
Hot Mashed Potatoes
Lobster salad Chicken Salad
Parker house rolls
Frozen Pudding Harlequin Ice cream
Assorted cake
Oranges Grapes Bananas
Saltines American cheese
Coffee Cigars

The officers of the council are: S. of P., Frederick Watkins; H. P., Charles C. Smith; S. W., Albert R. Junkins; J. W., Frank L. Pryor; Sec., James A. Rand; M. C., John H. Hatch Hospitaler, G. Fred Drew; M. of E., Warren P. Webster; Tyler, M. Henry Gregg; Past Masters, Frank J. Philbrick, Fred B. Coleman.

NO INDIGESTION OR STOMACH DISTRESS

All Stomach Misery Goes in Five Minutes

Take your sour stomach—or maybe you call it Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Gastritis or Catarrh of Stomach; it doesn't matter—take your stomach trouble right with you to your Pharmacist and ask him to open a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and let you eat one 22-grain Triangule and see if within five minutes there is left any trace of your former misery.

The correct name for your trouble is Food Fermentation—food souring; the Digestive organs become weak, there is lack of gastric juices; your food is only half digested, and you become affected with loss of appetite, pressure and fullness after eating, vomiting, nausea, heartburn, griping in bowels, tenderness in the pit of stomach, bad taste in mouth, constipation, pain in limbs, sleeplessness, belching of gas, biliousness, sick headache, nervousness, dizziness and many other similar symtoms.

If your appetite is fickle, and nothing tempts you, or you belch gas or if you feel bloated after eating, or your food lies like a lump of lead on your stomach, you can make up your mind that at the bottom of all this there is but one cause—fermentation of undigested food.

Prove to yourself after your next meal, that your stomach is as good as any; that there is nothing really wrong. Stop this fermentation and begin eating what you want without fear of discomfort or misery.

Almost instant relief is waiting for you. It is merely a matter of how soon you take some Diapepsin.

THE HERALD HEARS

That one Eliot man is putting up an awful' protest against anything like a tunnel in the river, as it will kill his lobster business he says—

That the plans of the fire board to later put the hook and ladder back on the quick hitch system has brought out a large number of applicants for the place of driver—

That the Nine O'clock Club does not appear to depart from the social strain during Lent—

That Engineer James Corey, who takes a run on the Dover branch next week, was one of the first engineers to run over the line when the road was completed years ago, between this city and Dover—

That the business of the Morley Button Manufacturing Company has meant much to this city this winter and that Portsmouth would prosper with a few more such enterprising firms doing business here—

That one of the fire companies has objected seriously to so many of its members smoking cigarettes—

That the local milliners are planning on the spring style which, it is said, will be a novelty in ladies' headgear—

That Portsmouth has a good list of trained nurses—

That the browntail moth men claim there are more of the pests this year than last—

That the remodeled dining room at the Langdon Hotel catches the eye of the traveler—

That the opera "Mikado" by local talent appears to be sidetracked completely—

That many of the mechanics working away from this city will come back on the arrival of the battleships—

That President-elect Taft could find no better place than New Castle in selecting a summer home—

That the life saving station for the Isles of Shoals has been lost in the shuffle—

That the new bowling league will comprise all of the prominent clubs of the city—

That Parrott avenue, where the sewer has been enlarged or repaired looks like the leavings of a volcano—

That the city, when rich enough to add any more street lights, should do somoething on the road leading to the hospital—

That the small boy is wondering if Portsmouth will get the go by again this year on the circus—

That the asphalt laid on Vaughan street appears to obe the best patch in the lot—

That the paving on Market square is certainly a sight for cracks—

That the vessel Cox and Green, recently attached at one of the North End docks, is still in the hands of a keeper—

That the remains of the public bathhouse on Gray's Island are fast disappearing in rot—

That Portsmouth certainly has it on them all for whist parties—

That the crew of the U. S. S. Paducah have made a long stay in this port—

That the original sailing orders of the ship have been annulled—

That "Skillet," the old police station cat, has "flew the coop"—

That the city has been lucky on the matter of water so far this winter—

That there are twenty-two lawyers in the present legislature at Concord—

That the slaughter house matter seems to be more digestible—

That the Franklin Pierce Veteran Firemen's Association will be back on the map this summer—

That Captain T. B. Hoyt of the tug M. Mitchell Davis witnessed the arrival of the fleet at Hampton Roads—

That the dog man will find lots of strange faces among the canine squad this year.

RECORDS OF RYE

The Annual Inspection of the Rye Grange

Town Authorities Looking After the Browntail Moths

Rye, Feb. 27.

At the regular meeting of Rye Grange on Friday evening District Deputy Charles H. Brackett of Greenland was present to inspect the worok. An oyster supper was served in the lower hall. The following program was presented by Mrs. Arthur C. Walker, lecturer:

Piano duet, Mrs. Annie R. Philbrick, Miss Florence Reib.

Discussion, The Articles in the Town Warrant, Wallace Goss, Fred D. Parsons, Charles A. Walker, Newell P. Marden.

Vocal duet, Miss Jennie Drake, Miss Ruth M. Drake.

Paper, "Dangers That Threaten Us as a Nation," Mr. S. W. Foss.

Singing, "America."

Selectman N. P. Marden and Supervisor of Check List J. W. Rand, who have been in Exeter on business, have returned home.

The selectmen have a force of men about town engaged in removing the browntail moths from the trees in the highways.

Mr. W. E. Locke of Rye Harbor road, who has been confined to the house with a boil, is reported as much improved and able to be out.

The many friends of Mr. C. D. Garland, the well known grocer, will be sorry to learn that he is confined to his home by illness.

The musical lecture to be given next Monday evening by Mr. C. W. Gray of Portsmouth, under the auspices of the Rye Literary Society, should be well attended.

Quite a number of peopole from here attended the District Sunday School Institute held at Portsmouth on Friday.

The following from Rye are among the week's records at the county registry of deeds in Exeter: Joseph Philbrick et al. to Moses Philbrick, rights in certain premises, $1. Robert Herne to James Muir, both of Rockport, Mass., rights in certain premises, $1. James Muir to Ina B. Herne, Rockport, same premises, $1.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

WHEREAS, on the tenth day of February, 1909, A. M. Cutler Company of Bath in the District of Maine, a corporation organized under the laws of Maine filed a libel in the District Court of the United States for the District of New Hampshire against the Schooner Cox and Greene, her boats, tackle, apparel, furniture, engines, sails and other appurtenances or fittings, in a cause of Admiralty and Maritime.

AND WHEREAS, by virtue of process in due form of law, to me directed, returnable on the 15th day of March, 1909, I have seized and taken the said Schooner Cox and Greene, her boats, tackle, apparel, furniture, engines, sails and other appurtenances or fittings and have her in my custody.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a District Court will be held in the United States Court Room in the City of Portsmouth, N. H.

On the 16th day of March, 1909, for the trial of said premises and the owner or owners, and all persons who may have or claim any interest are hereby cited to be and appear at the time and place aforesaid, to show cause, if any they have, why a final decree should not pass as prayed.

E. P. SUTE, U. S. Marshal.

What Women Need

Something to put the blood in good order when they are pale and weak; something to clear the complexion when it is sallow or muddy; something to strengthen the digestion when food disagrees; something to tone the nervous system when it is depleted. That something is

Beecham's Pills

A natural and sufficient remedy for the weaknesses and derangements so common among women. A course of these pills will relieve congested conditions, dispel depression, act mildly on the bowels, stimulate the liver, increase the red corpuscles in the blood, and strengthen the functions of the several organs.

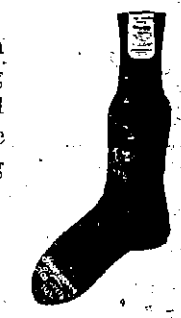
For backache, lassitude, low spirits, dizzy spells, weak nerves and all debilitated conditions, Beecham's Pills are

The Right Remedy

In boxes with full directions, 10c. and 25c.

HOW MANY TIMES

DOES YOUR WIFE HAVE TO DARN ONE PAIR OF SOCKS OF THE KIND YOU ARE NOW WEARING?



Do YOU know? SHE does! You can do away with darning now by using the new hosery for men, which will wear much longer than any you have used before. The marvelous wearing strength is due to the new

Interwoven TOE AND HEEL REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

with which every pair is equipped.

If you haven't tried them get a pair and test them. You will be very much surprised to find a fine lisle sock that will really wear better than any you have worn, even those which are heavy in weight.

PRICE 25c PER PAIR

N. H. BEANE & CO.

3 CONGRESS ST

To the Merchants of Portsmouth, N.H.

The most valuable advertising is in an electric car, where thousands of people read it every day. The Exeter Hampton & Amesbury Street Railway makes connections every day with the cars of the Portsmouth Electric Railway Company with but one change. Size of cards 11x21 inches.

For space and prices apply to

J. A. MacADAMS, Supt.
Exeter, Hampton & Amesbury St. Ry.
HAMPTON, N. H.

Established 1863 Telephone

Doors, Windows, Blinds Mouldings, Glass, Etc.

ARTHUR H. CLARK

WALTER COSTELLO Glazier 17-21 Daniel Street

Read The Herald And Keep Posted

DAYS OF DIZZINES

Come to Hundreds of Portsmouth People

There are days of dizziness;
Spells of headache, sideache, backache;
Sometimes rheumatic pains;
Often urinary disorders.
All tell you plainly the kidneys are sick.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

Here is proof in Portsmouth.

Joseph C. Pettigrew, 12 Islington St., Portsmouth, N. H., says: "I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from backache or kidney complaint. My first experience with this remedy took place about three years ago. At that time my back ached a great deal, I had dizzy spells and was bothered by a blurring of my eyesight. I finally decided that I had kidney trouble and procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Philbrick's drug store. I had taken them but a short time when there was a great improvement in my condition. Should I ever have any further trouble with my kidneys, I would at once resort to Doan's Kidney Pills, firmly believing that they would relieve me. This excellent remedy can be procured at Philbrick's drug store."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

A New Hotel

at the Old Stand

$250,000 has ust been spent

Remodeling, Refurnishing, and Redecorating the

HOTEL EMPIRE

Broadway, Empire Square & 63d St.

NEW YORK CITY.

Restaurant and Service U lled

Splendid Location

at Modern Improvement

All surface cars pass or transfer to door

Subway and "L" stations 2 minutes

Hotel fronting on three streets

Electric Clocks, Telephones and Automatic Lighting Devices in every room

Moderate Rates

MUSIC

W. Johnson Quinn, Proprietor

Send for guide of New York-Free

Horse Shoeing

CARRIAGE WORK AND BLACKSMITHING

If your horse is not going right come and see us. We charge nothing for examination and consultation.

If you want your carriages or carts repaired, or new ones made we will give you the benefit of our 45 years experience in this business, without expense.

Sign Hanging and General Job Work Attended To

Satisfaction Guaranteed

IRA C. SEYMOUR

2 1-2 Linden St.

H. W. NICKERSON

UNDERTAKER

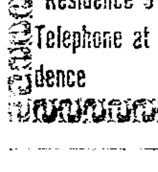
— AND —

LICENSED EMBALMER

Office, 5 Danie St. Ports. N. H

Residence 5 Miller Avenue

Telephone at office and Residence



MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

OUR NAVY'S NEWSPAPERS

Many of the Battleships Have Their Own Plants.

SOME SPICY ARTICLES

The "Budget" of the Kentucky, the "Pelican" of the Louisiana and a Number of Others Tell the Happenings Aboard Ship—A story of the President's Trip.

Several of the big ships in the United States navy have their own newspapers. On board the Kentucky is printed the Kentucky Budget, a semi-monthly. The U. S. S. Louisiana is responsible for the Pelican, which is issued monthly. The battleship Ohio has the Buckeye. The U. S. S. West Virginia boasts of the Ditty Box. The Badger is printed monthly on the U. S. S. Wisconsin.

All of the above papers are issued by the enlisted men of the ships. The aim of each is identical—to make life aboard the ship more agreeable and to give the friends in civil life an outline of naval doings and of the brighter side of naval life.

The Americans are a newspaper reading nation. Barred from his local papers by the refusal of the Government to allow free postage on papers addressed to the navy, Jack promptly solaces himself by starting a newspaper of his own on board ship. The men have a freedom of criticism in the little monthly papers that would lead one to think that military discipline is not all blood and iron. Many sly digs are rammed home at unpopular officers and more frequent are the bouquets for those occupants of the wardroom who are popular with the crew.

The resume of the year 1906 from one of these little magazines follows:

Some professional forecaster predicted that the year 1906 would be one of disasters. The prophecy came only too true. San Francisco and the Chilean capital were destroyed by earthquake and fire. Pensacola was visited by a terrific storm so early in 1907 that it might have been considered an afterthought of the old year. Vesuvius scared a million people half to death (a mortality of 500,000 by the rules of arithmetic). There were fires and floods and wrecks throughout the length and breadth of Christendom. It might also be added that Platt and Depew remained in the Senate. The universal peace egg would not hatch, though the Czar of Russia had to be shooed off the nest to keep her from starving to death. Commodore Schley wrote a testimonial for Peruna. Mrs. Eddy nearly kicked the bucket, while Anthony Comstock and the W. C. T. U. did not. There was a hoodoo somewhere and personally we are carrying a heavy life insurance and the left hind foot of a graveyard rabbit.

Among the news that goes to fill the columns are such items as these:

A few weeks ago we predicted 175 styles of whiskers on the Kentucky. That estimate was too low. There are 177 now and the number is increasing. Remember what the Prophet said. "A hair lip is a misfortune, but whiskers is your own fault."

From the United States steamship Yankton we learn that:

According to the opinion of the entire crew the Yankton is leading the fleet in the grub line.

Also we learn that:

We are glad to welcome our big sister Connecticut to the Atlantic. She looks powerful enough to whip a West Indian hurricane. We hope to have some more "makey-learn" ships with us soon.

One issue of the Pelican is always wholly taken up with an account of the President's trip to Panama on board the Louisiana. Besides containing a picture of the President it gives in full his speech to the crew of that ship and a programme of a vaudeville show by the enlisted men of the Louisiana in honor of the President. No. 12 of the vaudeville programme is a monologue entitled "Troubles of the Hebrew," which was recited by Coal Passer Isaac Rosenthal.

Subcaliber practice is known to the sailors as "ping pong." With this explanation the following poem from the Pelican may be intelligible to the lay reader:

It's ping pong in the morning and
It's ping pong in the night,
Some people worry about it so their
hair has took to flight;
They wrestle with the ping pong, oh!
they wrestle day and night,
And the funniest thing about it is
they never get it right.
They say your eyes are crooked, I
think that's very crude;
But they can never learn me how to
shoot, not with a Morris tube.

Some of the poets on the battleship Kentucky have turned out some excellent homemade poems, which appear in the Budget under the heading of "Poems You Ought to Know."

A trolley company in Vermont whose cars fail to come to a full stop and display a signal at a grade railroad crossing is subject to a fine of $25 for each omission.

The custom that prevails in Greece of carrying a body to the grave in a coffin which allows the face to be visible is said to have originated when the Turks dominated the land.

RAIN-IN-THE-FACE.

The Sioux Chief Who Fought in the Custer Battle.

It is through his connection with the massacre of Gen. Custer and men that Rain-in-the-Face is principally known. His role in that historic drama goes back some three years previous to the fight, when a surgeon in the army and a civilian trader attached to Gen. D. S. Stanley's expedition were murdered as they stopped to feed and water their horses on the Red River.

Some 18 months later Charley Reynolds, a government scout, subsequently killed at the battle of the Little Big Horn, brought in information to Gen. Custer, at Fort Lincoln, that the Indian who had murdered both men was Rain-in-the-Face, then at the Standing Rock reservation drawing government rations.

Gen. Custer immediately detailed his brother, Col. Tom Custer, and a cavalry captain and escort to arrest the murderer. Rain-in-the-Face was found in the trader's store at the agency and personally arrested by Col. Tom Custer.

The Indians were at first inclined to rescue Rain-in-the-Face, but the



At Time of Custer's Battle.

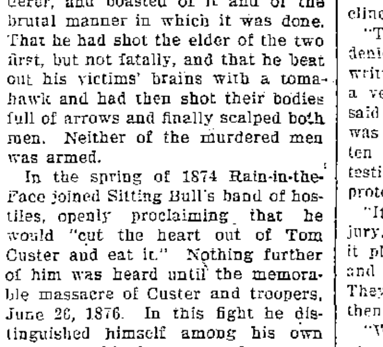
presence of a hundred troopers, whom the colonel had brought with him, served to overawe them.

When the prisoner and his captors returned he was brought before Gen. Custer. The general questioned the prisoner closely, but to no purpose. The Indian remained imperturbable. The next day, however, he confessed to the general that he was the murderer, and boasted of it and of the brutal manner in which it was done. That he had shot the elder of the two first, but not fatally, and that he beat out his victims' brains with a tomahawk and had then shot their bodies full of arrows and finally scalped both men. Neither of the murdered men was armed.

In the spring of 1874 Rain-in-the-Face joined Sitting Bull's band of hostiles, openly proclaiming that he would "cut the heart out of Tom Custer and eat it." Nothing further of him was heard until the memorable massacre of Custer and troopers, June 26, 1876. In this fight he distinguished himself among his own people by his bravery and generalship.

It has been many times stated that he personally killed Gen. Custer, and that he cut the heart from the body of Col. Tom Custer and rode about the field with a part of the grewsome trophy between his teeth.

Rain-in-the-Face did not escape this battle unscathed. He will carry to the grave undoubted evidence that the men of the gallant Seventh cavalry fought well in their last engagement. While charging over a prostrate soldier, pinioned beneath his dead horse,



As a Sioux Policeman.

the chief received a wound from the bullet of a .45-calibre revolver which burrowed the flesh on the right thigh for about four inches, running diagonally upward, showing it to have been fired from beneath him. Shortly after he received another wound, the bullet entering back of the left knee. Rain-in-the-Face dismounted with difficulty, and in order to remove the bullet from the wound used his scalp-knife; in doing so he severed the tendons of the leg, which deprived him of its use forever.

More strangely still, and paradoxical as it may appear, he is now an Indian policeman. Cropped hair and felt hat have replaced the scalp lock and war bonnet, blue coat the war shirt, but beneath his uniform the skin is still the same color—red.

The blood is unchanged and the fire in his eye kindles now when he speaks of the wrongs of his people, and, although seemingly friendly, he is, and always will be, an enemy of the white.

Civilization has not conquered him, but a wholesome fear of the great government at Washington has, and he remains a crafty, scheming plotter—a perfect example of the once dangerous, still unforgiving, warlike Sioux.

WHEN THE JURY DECIDES

They Are Not Always Influenced by the Evidence.

ANTAGONIZE THE JUDGE

How Jurors Misconstrue Instructions—Explaining an Acquittal—Human Nature in the Jury Room—Men Who Stick Out For Supposed Privileges.

A Judge, a lawyer and an old court clerk met one night at a club the membership of which includes many men in public life and got to discussing the fate of a case after it is left to a jury, says a writer in the New York Sun.

The three men have had each in his particular line many opportunities for knowing so-called secrets of the jury room. The lawyer has been on both sides of the firing line in many legal battles, the Judge has sat in many important criminal cases and the clerk has sworn thousands of juries and taken their verdicts.

"There was a case not so long ago," said the lawyer, "that received a good deal of attention from the newspapers, but after the jury's verdict nothing more was heard of it. It was one of the best illustrations I have seen of how a jury can misconstrue the evidence and the instructions of the Court.

"The defendant was a man who had been mixed up in a trial that attracted the attention of the country. At that trial he was a witness and testified to certain initials which he was supposed to have written on a document which was an important piece of evidence in the trial. He denied that he had written the initials, although there was testimony to the contrary.

"When the trial was over he was indicted for perjury. The prosecution made a determined effort to convict him.

"There was plenty of testimony to show that he had written the initials. Handwriting experts were brought in and they swore that there was no doubt that the defendant had written the letters in dispute. Days were taken up in the trial. The young Assistant District Attorney who had charge of the prosecution's side made a determined fight and felt he had clinched his case.

"The defendant, as at the first trial denied most positively that he had written the initials. The Judge made a very fair charge to the jury. He said that all the jury had to decide was whether the defendant had written the initials and whether he had testified falsely at the first trial to protect himself.

"If he had he was guilty of perjury, said the Judge. The Judge made it plain what the jury's duties were and they were sent out to deliberate. They were out for several hours and then acquitted the defendant.

"Well, it was a sad blow for the young Assistant District Attorney. It was days before he got over the verdict, but he had almost forgotten it, being engrossed in other work, when he got a reminder of the case that didn't please him very much.

"He was leaving an uptown hotel after having had dinner when he met one of the men who had been on the jury. The man walked up to him and offered to shake hands.

"'I suppose you'd like to know how we came to that verdict,' said the juror.

"'I would indeed,' said the lawyer none too cordially.

"'Well, you made out a good case,' said the juror. 'There wasn't any doubt in our minds about that. We also voted unanimously that that fellow wrote the initials. But we came to the conclusion that he had not written them with any criminal intent. Now, wasn't that all right?'"

"At times a prosecutor will be a great favorite with a jury and they will do almost anything he asks. Another prosecutor may antagonize a jury from the start and they will vote against him even if he makes out a perfect case.

"Often juries become irritable and the Judge has to scold them. I've known cases in which jurymen have felt that the Judge tried to influence their verdict when he only laid particular stress on an involved point of law. Then they wouldn't agree on any point in the case.

"As an example of stubborn juries I remember a case in which the prosecution made out a complete chain of evidence and there was no defence. There wasn't any doubt about the defendant's guilt, and the Judge in a brief charge practically said so.

"A couple of the jurors decided that the Judge was abusing their prerogatives and they wouldn't vote for conviction. The Judge knew what was going on and kept them in a stuffy room for hours on a hot afternoon, but the two men wouldn't give in and the Judge was compelled to discharge the Jury in the evening.

If there were only one potato in the world a careful cultivator might produce 10,000,000,000 from it in ten years, and thus supply the world with seed again.

The prison population of India is only 23 per 100,000 inhabitants. Sixty years ago there were 150,000 children at school in India. Now there are over 4,000,000.

SCIENTIST'S NEW DISCOVERY.

Believes Pictures Can be Made by Concentration of Mind.

An unexpected field of research has been opened to science by the announcement made by Commandant Darget on the subject of photographs of human radiations. At a recent meeting of the Societe Universelle d'Etudes Psychiques in Paris, photographs made by Darget, which had been obtained by the operator merely touching the sentitized plate with his fingers in an absolutely dark room for 10 or 15 minutes, while at the same time fixing his thoughts on a certain subject.

Without this concentration of mind the plates showed no mark whatever. On developing the plate the image of the subject thought of, or even of a scene called up in the mind of the operator, was found to be fixed on it, evidently by the emanation of rays not yet known to scientists.

Cat Guards House.

Cats, while not so quick to learn as dogs, are equally interesting to those who are fond of them. An intelligent comfortable cat soon becomes an important and attached friend to the family.

A physician once had a cat named Tom, which was not at home one night when a guest came. In the morning the host was obliged to leave home very early, the friend rising for a friendly chat with him before his departure.

When the host left, the cat must have stepped in at the open door. Meantime the mistress of the house was still in bed. Suddenly she was awakened by a loud caterwaul, to find Tom in the middle of the floor, evidently much excited and quickly running toward the open door. Imagining that he had been in the house all night, his mistress hastily put on a dressing gown and followed him down the stairs. Instead of going to the back door Tom ran to the sitting room, where the guest was waiting for the rest of the family to appear. At the sight of the hostess simultaneously with the cat, he exclaimed: "What is the matter with that cat? It has been growling at me and acting as if I had no business here." Which was plainly the fact—in the cat's mind. On three occasions he had shown a pronounced dislike to strangers, and, like a dog, always challenged people not well dressed when they attempted to come in at the back door.

Ships With Fish Skins.

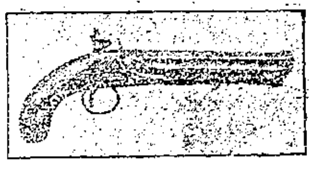
A German inventor has been experimenting for years with various preservative paints for the bottoms of ships. Among those used at the present time even the best permit the growth of barnacles and marine vegetation upon the wood or metal sheathing, and the ship has to go into dry dock to have her bottom cleaned of the growths which so materially retard her progress.

The inventor in question has devoted his time of late to the determination of the chemical construction of the coating found upon the scales of fishes. He declares that the agility of the fish is due to this coating, which enables it to overcome the resistance of the water, while at the same time it prevents the growth of foreign matter.

He asserts that he is now able to produce this coating in a form permitting it to be used for vessels and that ships thus treated will not only be able to keep clean bottoms but that the paint will materially reduce the resistance of the waves and permit faster time to be made with the same expenditure of power.—St. Louis Dispatch.

Dick Turpin's Pistol.

The pistol here pictured, which is shown in a London equestrian spectacle, "Dick Turpin's Ride to York; or, The Death of Bonnie Black Bess,"



is said to have been the actual property of the famous highwayman. It was found by a workman egaged in pulling down the Old Plough at Ealing, an inn which is known to have been one of Turpin's haunts, and which was kept by his grandfather. The pistol bears the initials "D. T.," and the date "1737."

Fitting Out Men to Get Work.

At last night's meeting of the Strand Board of Guardians an application was received from an inmate of the workhouse named Kennedy for a set of false teeth. The applicant stated that being toothless he was unable to get work. It being stated that a set would cost six guineas, it was decided to see whether something cheaper could not be obtained. Recently the board paid three guineas for a false nose for another inmate to enable him to to go out and get work, and some time previously a man was provided with a false ear for the same purpose.—London Telegraph.

Slave Market in Morocco.

At Marrakesh, in Morocco, is a great slave market. The proceedings are opened with a fervid prayer to Allah for a prosperous sale, and then the auctioneer marches the slaves, tricked out in gorgeous array, round and round the slave yard, while the prospective purchasers feel their muscles and observe their condition and bid occordingly.

SURGERY ON HUMAN HEARTS.

Why the Operation so Often Proves Unsuccessful.

In the many cases recorded of operations upon the hearts of human beings, as well as in the case of the lower animals, when the subjects have died death has been due to blood poisoning or septic poisoning. The danger of blood poisoning in such cases is naturally very great. This, however, tends to prove that the actual danger of the operation itself is not insurmountable. In cases where the heart has actually been cut and again sewed up death has been caused by the tearing out of the stitches. It will be readily understood, of course, that since the heart is constantly in motion, even violent motion, such stitches are likely to tear through the flesh, when death quickly follows. That the living heart has actually been laid bare in many instances and daring operations have been successfuly performed is sufficient promise for the future, it is believed, of this department of surgery.

The history of these cases reads like a romance. A few years ago such operations would have been entirely impossible. Dr. Samuel G. Tracy, of New York, a specialist in diseases of the heart, has compiled a list of such operations which will doubtless come as a surprise to most laymen. It seems that wounds of the heart, according to the records, are generally due to an incision from a stab or a puncture from a hat pin or a perforation from a bullet. Other injuries may be due to contusions, as in the breaking of a rib, in which a splinter of bone penetrates into the heart walls. Severe injuries of this latter type may take place without a fatal ending. When injuries take place which penetrate into the cavities of the heart the consequences are very serious.

In bullet wounds of the heart an occasionally fatal result may obtain without the detection of an apparent wound in the walls of the heart. A curious instance of this kind is related by a Canadian physician. In this case the pericardium, or outside lining of the heart, showed no wound, although the right ventricle of the heart contained a wound large enough to admit two fingers. It is evident that the elastic pericardium was driven before the bullet into the heart, while the ventricle was forcibly distended with blood. Upon autopsy the ball was found loose in the cavity of the heart. Laceration of the heart from external violence, often of a fatal character, occurs without leaving any trace of injury on the skin. As a rule, penetrative wounds of the heart are fatal. However, there are numerous cases on record which show that recovery is sometimes possible. The following illustrate this point:—

A negro boy was wounded in the chest with a load of shot. He lived sixty-seven days and died from overeating. The autopsy showed five ballets in the heart walls and all firmly healed over.

The second case was that of a soldier who died eighteen years after he was shot. Upon autopsy the bullet was found in the lower right ventricle.

There are numerous records of persons surviving a considerable length of time after the heart has been penetrated by a foreign substance. An English surgeon mentions a boy who lived for a month with a piece of wood three inches long in the right side of his heart. In 400 cases of heart injury through external violence 103 cases died immediately, 290 in a short time, 50 recovered and in the remainder the termination is not given. By modern antiseptic surgery and greater skill in these latter days severe wounds of the heart may be treated with greater possibilities of success. The chest may be opened, the heart exposed and the wound sewed up. The results obtained in sewing up heart wounds depend in the main on the presence or absence of sepsis (blood poison), provided the patient is not beyond hope of recovery from shock or hemorrhage. In a series of nineteen cases in wounds of the heart where recovery might be anticipated, thirteen recovered and six died, all of sepsis or blood poison. In the thirteen who got well four were infected with blood poisoning, but their constitutions were so strong that they recovered in spite of the poison.

Land of the Sullen Moor.

The supreme ambition of the Moor is to be left to himself, to exclude the Christian from his lands and to fight out his own existence according to the dictates of his religion and of his ancestor's. It is this religious structure, this ever-present idea of a diety to whom they can appeal for help in the smallest of their tasks, this conception of a power that is capable of doing no wrong and of protecting and guiding its followers, which accounts for the peculiar disregard of physical punishment, and even of death, so characteristic of the Moors. I remember one morning as we were passing through the country nolerxsuthnrurich hearing a man on one of the hillsides crying out in a loud voice. He had with him some ten or twelve dogs. Our guide informed us that he was praying to Mohammed to help him catch a jackal which he was hunting.

Never try to borrow money from a man you have had an argument with.

STRANGE MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

Date From Bible Times and Attended With Great Ceremony.

Marriage and courtship in the Orient are still conducted with the same odd ceremonies and forms that were in vogue in Biblical times. At an Arabian wedding the bridegroom and bride consider it beneath their dignity to show any especial interest in the proceedings.

The entire party, men and women, form in procession, with wax tapers, flambeaux and torches, the lights so perfumed as to fill the streets with their fragrance, with a band of music and a company of clowns, who cut up all manner of didos on the way, and the pageant marches to the home of the bride. They find the house barricaded and they are refused admittance. A fierce but harmless sham battle is fought, always ending in the assaulting party taking the house by storm.

This custom, of course, is a survival of the time when the battles were in deadly earnest, and when actual force was used in capturing women from real enemies. After the make-believe struggle the women of the victorious party rush into an inner apartment where the bride is found sitting alone. They throw a veil of silk and gold over her head and bear her away, the wails of herself and her friends being drowned by the music, the noise of the buffoons and the shouts of triumph from the bridegrooms's party. The apparently unwilling bride hangs back, and as she must be forced along at every step a whole hour may be consumed in dragging her for the first hundred yards. The more trouble she gives the greater will be her reputation for maidenly modesty. Finally she is lifted over the blood of a slain sheep to the back of a camel, says the Pittsburg Dispatch.

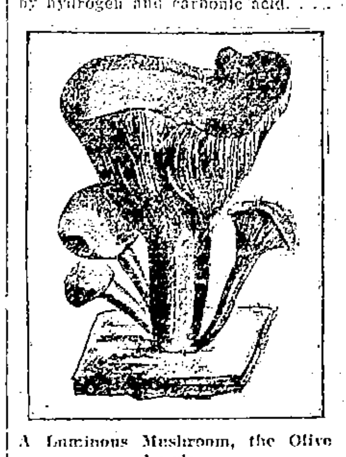
Having arrived at the bridegroom's home the bride is placed upon a divan, where she is expected to show the most abject melancholy amid the general levity. As the women pass before her she kisses their hands. The whole night is spent by the guests in rejoicing, eating and drinking.

The prevailing color of the bride's trousseau is sky-blue and each garment is very heavily embroidered. Her apparel consists in part of very full trousers, over which she wears a flowing skirt. Above these two garments is a vest with ample sleeves, and over this is a large merino jacket, open in front to the waist, but her bosom concealed by a profusion of snowy lace. A cashmere shawl is loosely thrown over all. Gold guards surround her neck and a watch dangles from her waist, while festoons of pearls are looped over her dress. On her head she wears a red velvet cap over the edge of which hangs a loose fold of blue merino, the whole headdress being bespangled with precious stones. Her hands and wrists are stained with henna. Slippers of blue and gold complete her elaborate attire.

From the moment that the officiating priest enters the house next day all levity ceases. Crowns are placed upon the heads of the contracting parties, rings are placed upon their fingers and their hands are joined. As soon as they are blessed with prayer and benediction and the priest has departed the mirth is renewed and doesn't cease until midnight. In the morning the giving of presents is in order. The wedding festivities are kept up for ten days, a different crowd being present each day, with wild dancing and boisterous song. Sometimes the fun is varied by the bride's relatives setting upon the bridegroom and giving him a sound thrashing. Through all the revelry the bride sits by herself, never smiling nor speaking.

Plants That Give Light.

"It is a phenomenon of the same order as respiration, and is accompanied by a considerable emission of carbonic acid . . . It disappears when the plant dies, and it is extinguished by hydrogen and carbonic acid. . . .



A Luminous Mushroom, the Olive Agaric.

It is a vital manifestation and must not be confused with the phosphorescence that takes place in the course of vegetable putrefaction, which is due to an invasion of luminous micro-organisms, probably bacteria.

"The light of the olive agaric is, according to M. Fabre's observations, soft, white, quiet, and similar to that given off by phosphorus dissolved in oil. It requires for its production, as in the case of the Rhizomorphs, certain physical conditions. Thus it ceases at 9 deg. C. (48 deg. F.) and is extinguished above 50 deg. C. (122 deg. F.) Desiccation and immersion in water also extinguish it."—Translation made for the Literary Digest.

The smoking of dried coltsfoot leaves antedated the introduction of tobacco in England.

Boston & Maine R.R.

IN EFFECT OCTOBER 5, 1908.

Trains leave Portsmouth for Newburyport Salem, Lynn and Boston—*3.25, †6.25, 7.20, 8.00, 8.13, §10.00, †10.55 a. m., *1.50, *5.00, §6.25, 7.28 p. m.

Greenland—†7.20 §8.00 †9.16, †10.55 a. m., *5.00 p. m.

North Hampton, Hampton—†6.25, †7.20, §8.00, *8.15, §10.02, †10.55 a. m., *5.00 p. m.

North Berwick—†9.55, §10.50 a. m., †2.40 W†5.22 p. m.

Eliot—†9.55 *10.50 a. m., †2.40 W†5.22 *8.50 p. m.

West Kennebunk, Saco—†9.55 a. m., †2.40 p. m.

Portland—†9.55, *10.50, a. m., †2.40, W†5.22, *8.50, *11.45 p. m.

Dover—8.00 §8.25, †9.45, §10.55 a. m., †12.20, †2.12, †5.22, *8.52 p. m.

Somersworth, Rochester—†9.55 a. m., †2.40, †5.30 p. m.

Wolfboro, North Conway—†9.55 a. m., †2.40, †5.30 p. m.

Wolfboro, Laconia—†9.46 a. m., †2.42 p. m.

Greenland Village, Rockingham Junction, Epping, Raymond, Manchester, Concord—†9.30 a. m., †12.40, †5.25p. m.

†Daily.
Daily except Sunday.
§Sunday only.
a Wolfboro only.
W Via Dover and Western Division.
Detailed information and time tables may be obtained at ticket offices.

PORTSMOUTH ELECTRIC RY.

In effect Oct. 5, 1908. Subject to Change without Notice

Cars leave Market Square for Cable Road, only, *8.30 a. m., **6.45 a. m., †10.05 p. m.

For Rye Beach and Little Boar's Head, *7.05 a. m. then hourly until 9.05 p. m., including Saturdays, †10.05 p. m.

For North Hampton, **6.15 a. m., 10.05, 11 m., 1.05, 9.05 p. m.

Leave Cable Road, *6.16 a. m., **7.25 a. m., **10.30 p. m.

Leave Little Boar's Head, **8.10 a. m. then hourly until 10.10 p. m., including Saturdays, 10.55 p. m.

Leave North Hampton, **9.30, 11.00 a. m., 1.50 m., **2.35, **7.36, 10.00 p. m.

Cars leave Market Square via Plains and Christian Shore Loops, *6.35, *7.05 a. m., then half hourly until †10.35 p. m. Saturdays, 11.05 p. m.

Sundays (Plains Loop via Middle Street, 8.35 p. m.

Last Cars from Market Square each night run to Car Barn only.

*Omitted Sundays and Holidays.
**Omitted Sundays.
Saturdays runs to Little Boar's Head.
Theatre nights waits until close of performance.

For special rates and general information apply to E. P. Fogate, Asst. Superintendent, Congress Block, Portsmouth, N. H. Telephone C. M. BURT, G. P. A.

TIME TABLE

Atlantic Shore Line Ry.

FALL 1908

From Portsmouth Ferry leaves connecting with cars for

FOR Eliot, Dover and South Berwick—8.56, 7.55 a. m. and every hour until 9.55 p. m. †10.55 p. m.
*For Kennard's Corner only when there are passengers from the Ferry Landing.
SUNDAYS—First trip 7.35 a. m.

FOR Kittery and Kittery Point—6.25 8.55a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 7.35 a. m.

FOR York Village, York Harbor and York Beach, Via, P. K. & Y.—6.55, 7.55, 9.55 m. and every two hours until 5.55 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8.55 a. m.

FOR York Village, York Beach Via Rosemary— 6. [illegible] and every two hours until 6.55 p. m. *8.55 and 9.55 p. m. *8.55 p. m. to York Harbor Postoffice only.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8.55 a. m.

FOR Ogunquit, Wells, Kennebunk and Town House, Via Rosemary—6.55, 8.55 a. m., and every two hours until 6. 55 p. m. to Ogunquit only.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8. 55 a. m.

FOR Ogunquit only, P. K. & Y. Div.— week days and Sundays, 5.56 p. m.

Leave Dover, for Portsmouth, Eliot and Kittery—6.05 a. m. and every hour until 10.05 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8.05 a. m.

Cars leave Salmon Falls Bridge, for Eliot, Portsmouth and Kittery—6.05 a. m. and every hour until 10.05 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8.05 a. m.

Cars leave Seapoint for Portsmouth—6.00 a. m. and every half hour until 10.30 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 7.30 a m.

Cars leave York Beach, for Portsmouth and Kittery Via P. K. & Y—Div—6.55, 7.55, 9.55 a. m. and every two hours until 5.55 p. m.
SUNDAYS—First trip 8.55 a m.

Cars leave York Beach, for Portsmouth and Kittery Via Rosemary—7.55, 8.55, 9.55 a. m. and every two hours until 6.55 p. m.
SUNDAYS—7.55, 8.55, 9.55 a. m. and every two hours until 8.55 p. m.

Cars leave Town House, for Wells, Ogunquit, York Beach, Portsmouth, Kittery, Dover and South Berwick Via Rosemary—7.30, 9.30 a. m. and every two hours until 7.30 p. m. 9.30 p. m. to Ogunquit only.
SUNDAYS—First trip 9.30 a. m.

For time tables or general information apply to E. H. McCoy, Asst. Mgr., Portsmouth N. H. or E. E. Kirk, Gen. Mgr., Sanford, Maine.

PORTSMOUTH AND EXETER ST. RAILWAY

Cars leave Portsmouth for Exeter at 6:30 a. m., 7:30 a. m., 9:30 a. m., then 30 minutes past the even hour until 10:30 p. m.

Leave Exeter for Portsmouth at 6:15 a. m., 7:15 a. m., then 9:45 a. m. and 45 minutes past the odd hour until 9:45 p. m.

Extra car will leave Exeter on special theatre nights. oct6,tf

NAVY YARD FERRY TIME TABLE

Leaves Navy Yard—8.20, 8.35, 9.15, 9.00, 10.30, 11.15, 11.45 a. m.; 1.25, 4.15, 2.45, 4.00, 4.55, 5.00, *6.00, ‖7.45 p. m. Sundays— 10.00, 10.15 a. m.; 12.15, 12.35 p. m. Holidays—9.30, 10.30 11.30 a. m.

Leaves Portsmouth—8.25, 8.45, 9.30, 10.15, 11.00, 11.30, a. m.; 12.15, 1.45, 2.30, 3.30, 4.23, 4.45, 5.40, *6.10, ‖10.00 p. m. Sundays—10.07 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 12.45 p. m. Holidays—10.00, 11.00, 12.00 a. m.

*May 15 to October 15.
‖Wednesdays and Saturdays.
R. M. DOYLE, U. S. N., Capt. of the Yard.
Approved: H. K. MOORE, U. S. N. Commandant.

LIVE STOCK

GUARDING AGAINST GLANDERS.

How it is Spread, Dangers From it and Rules of Precaution.

The manner in which glanders spreads from one animal to another, is an important subject. Since the bacillus of glanders is the sole cause of the disease, it follows that the spread of the malady is dependent upon the dissemination of this germ. Every portion of the body, every organ, in which the glanders has obtained a foothold, contains the disease-producing bacillus. Consequently, portions of the affected organs, as well as secretions of these organs, which also contain the glanders bacilli, must be regarded as the conveyors of the infection. The most dangerous of these are the nasal secretions and the discharges from the so-called farcy buds, when the disease has its seat in the skin.

For the protection of horses from glanders, as well as for the safety of their own person, every owner of horses, and prospective buyers of horses, should observe the following:

Suspect every horse that is suffering with a chronic discharge from the nostrils, no matter what the character of the discharge, either as to quantity of quality, or whether only one of both nostrils are affected.

Certain forms of heaves may be due to pulmonary glanders, and therefore, if the history of an animal thus affected is not absolutely clear, such animals should be regarded with suspicion.

Suspect any and every horse that is in the hands of a strange or unscrupulous horse trdaer.

Remember that glanders is a very prevalent disease among the range horses of the West, and that, therefore, branded horses must always be regarded with suspicion, until they are proven to be otherwise.

Never permit any of the above classes of horse to put up in your private stable, but if you are compelled to feed or care for them have a special stable for the purpose that must be disinfected before other animals are allowed to go in.

Keep your horses away from blacksmith shops and livery stables, especially in large cities, except when you are compelled to use them.

Make as little use as possible of public watering places.

Keep your own stables in a sanitary condition.

Made Hogs Pay.

A hog grower says he had twenty-five pigs, and kept careful account of what they cost him at the time he sold them. He says he began to fit them for market June 1st, and from that date to July 1st, a half bushel of ground oats were consumed daily; from July 1 to September 10, one and one-half bushels, and from the latter date to November 20, when sold, four one-half bushels of ear corn were fed daily. This made 120 bushels of oats and 315 bushels of corn, the entire amount of grain fed. Oats were selling for 30c. and corn for 25c per bushel, the cost of grain consumed was approximately $115. Adding to this $6 for pasturage and $25 as cost of the lot up to the time feeding was begun, we should have approximately $140 as the entire cost of production.

The average weight when sold was 240 pounds, selling price $4.10 per cwt.— making about $9.85, apiece, or $240 for the entire lot. This leaves a net profit of about $100, or the income on the investment was over 60 per cent.

Hogs and Pasture.

Applicable recommendations of Prof. Soule, of the Virginia Experiment Station farm, are the following:

"Prepare the land with the greatest possible care, and seed alfalfa. Alfalfa will be the most desirable of all the grazing crops, as it can be grazed over two or three times during a single season, and will remain in the land several years, if well established.

He also recommends artichokes to feed through fall and winter.

"Some grain should be fed to the hogs in grazing crops—one to three pounds per day, depending on the age and size of the animals. An ear or two of corn will often be all that is necessary. By using grazing crops the corn can be made to go much farther, and a better quality of pork obtained at a lower cost per pound. Hogs kept in grazing crops are under the very best sanitary conditions. The plan suggested will provide grazing for 25 to 50 hogs, depending on the character of the land and the crop season.

Tendency to Degenerate.

In all pure breeds the original "scrub" blood at the foundation is ever seeking to reinstate itself. In short, there is a tendency in all pure-bred animals to degenerate or retrogress toward original and less perfect types, and nothing will more surely and speedily stimulate this tendency than lack of nutritious food. In the absence of sufficient nutrition, the possibilities of perfection inherited from pure-bred sires or dams but partially materialize or wholly fail to assert themselves.—Wisconsin Experiment Station.

MEXICO'S "DEVIL TREE."

Death for All Who Rest Within Its Fateful Shadow.

Because of the many fatal accidents that have occurred under a huge tree that grows in the Hacienda ranch, in the Zamora district, Michoacan, peasants of the region are growing more and more superstitious about its supposed fatal omen, and they begin to call it "arbol maldito" (cursed tree).

The tree is supposed to be over seventy-five years old, and is said to have been planted by a man who, because of his enormous crimes and his forgetfulness of the divine law, was swallowed up by the earth. A pedestrian who went under it for shade on a hot summer day was bitten by a snake and died in two hours. Three men, on different occasions, sought shelter from rain under its branches, and were struck by lightning. A woman who was hanging clothes to dry from the trunk of the tree was attacked and killed by a billy goat that came from nobody knows where, and that was never seen again. Two years ago a little boy was riding a burro and innocently led his animal to the tree. The burro threw him off and kicked him to death.

Chinese Etiquette.

Very curious are some of the rules of etiquette observed by Chinamen. Emile Bard, who has written a book on the subject of Chinese life, says that in nine cases out of ten, however, the form of etiquette has replaced the substance. With the Chinese a refusal or unpleasant truth must be expressed evasively. It is a fixed rule that one must speak of himself and of all belonging to him in the humblest of terms and use the most exalted language in referring to the person or property of another. Whether two mandarins or two beggars meet and accost each other this is a sample of their conversation: "What is your honorable name?" "Your insignificant brother's name is Wang." "Where is your noble dwelling?" "The hovel in which I hide myself is in ——," designating the place. "How many precious sons have you?" "I have only five stupid little pigs."

A Chinaman, wearing his finest gown of silk, called at a house where he happened to disturb a rat which was regaling itself out of a jar of oil standing on a beam over the door. In its sudden fright the rat upset the oil over the luckless visitor, ruining his fine raiment. While the man was still pale with rage his host appeared and after the customary greetings the visitor accounted for his appearance in this wise: "As I was entering your honorable dwelling I frightened your honorable rat; while it was trying to escape it upset your honorable jar of oil over my poor and insignificant clothing. This explains the contemptible condition in which I find myself in your honorable presence."

Look Toward the East.

For a long time it has been declared that those whose heads pointed toward the north while they slept enjoyed better rest than those whose feet were planted in that direction.

Now a savant gravely declares that the position of one's desk largely influences his capability, and that to do one's best work the seat must face the west.

It is asserted in all gravity that those who face the south lose at least one-third of their capability, and a seat facing the east is only less hurtful than one which faces the north.

The originator of the theory declares that he stumbled upon the solution by finding himself unable to work in a new library until the position of his desk had been changed, and that he has verified the correctness of his claim by experiment with a score of his friends. In the course of time the compass will become as essential to the landsman as to the mariner.—New York Herald.

A Museum Record of Voices.

The British Museum is collecting records of voices. The phonographs of the museum are designed to preserve for future generations the voices of famous people of our time; but the Vienna Academy of Sciences is going further, and seeks phonograms of languages and dialects for the comparative study of languages.

Already its collection includes popular songs of gypsies and Arabians, favorite airs of red Indian tribes, the idioms of negroes and Malays, and so on. It is sending out special voice hunting expeditions every year, and its agents are now scouring Australia, Roumania, Istria and other localities. Its latest plan is to phonograph the voices of animals for scientific study.—Exchange.

Longest Submarine Tunnel.

Much attention has been attracted to the opening of the new subway tunnel under Boston Harbor, but the longest tunnel under water is in England, where there is a tunnel under the River Severn four miles six hundred and twenty-four yards long, of which two and one-half miles are actually under water.

The proposed tunnel under the English Channel will be twenty-three miles in length, and the latest project is the construction of a tunnel to connect France with England, which would be thirty-three miles in length and would lie at a depth of five hundred feet below the bottom of the Channel. The longest submarine tunnel actually in course of construction is that connecting the islands of Sicily with the Italian mainland, which will be eight and one-half miles long.

MYSTERY IN TREE GROWTH.

Whence and How It Came No Man Can Tell.

One of the most wonderful among the many incomprehensible mysteries of earth is tree growth, says the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser. Everything connected with life and growth, animal and vegetable, is a mystery, for that matter, for all human knowledge fails to penetrate the hidden operations of nature, or to tell the why and how of life. We see two plants growing side by side, fed from the same sources below and above the ground, so far as we can determine, yet one produces a beautiful rose and the other an ill-smelling and ugly opposite. One tree produces a delicious peach and another a sour crab, yet so far as we can see the same elements sustain both. We see and realize the difference, but fail to understand it.

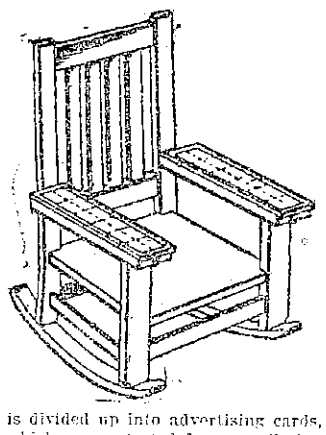
But there are some things about tree growth, aside from leaves, flowers, or fruit, that are as deep a mystery as anything connected with animal life. An acorn, for example, is planted in the earth, and in due time it sends down roots and sends up a tiny sprout. If not interfered with it continues to grow, and in the course of many years becomes a tree. During this time the roots have been attracting moisture and food from the earth, and the trunk and limbs have been obtaining something from the air. Each year a new layer of wood is added, and so it continues till a great giant of the forest is the result.

The material for all this wood has been obtained somehow and from some source but how it is done is the mystery. It may be one of many great trees growing almost against each other, and each has managed to absorb many cords of wood from some hidden recess of nature which man cannot fathom. We can search the earth and the air with all our powers and with all the instruments and appliances at our command, but we will fail to detect the tree germs.

Nor is this all of the great mystery. Two trees grow up side by side, fed from the same source, yet the wood of one is the soft yellow poplar and the other hard white hickory; one may be beautiful bird's eye or curled maple, and the other pitch pine or oak. There is another mystery that man cannot penetrate. Somewhere or somehow the alchemy or chemistry or machinery of nature carries on its tireless and ceaseless work, and the result is before us. That is all man knows, and probably all he will ever know, on the subject. All nature is a mystery, and the growth of trees is not the least.

"Ads" in the Chair.

A Southern business man has devised a novel method of advertising. This is the chair arm of seats used by the public in stations, parks, pleasure piers, on steamboats, etc. His idea is simple enough. A frame with a hinged lid is clasped to the arm of a chair in any suitable manner and the space within the frame



is divided up into advertising cards, which are protected from mutilation and destruction by the elements by a glass cover. The cards can be readily changed or transposed, and usually when one occupies such a chair it is during a leisure moment, when one cannot resist reading and re-reading even the most hackneyed and stereotyped advertisements when thus thrust before the unoccupied eye.

The Cost of Bull Fighting.

Bull fighting in Spain is not suffering from lack of patronage, for during the last year some twelve thousand bulls were killed in fights. From three to six bulls are killed at a performance, and at least 2,500 fights may be reckoned.

Bulls for fighting purposes are costly. They are raised on special ranches and are intended for fighting and no other use. One of the largest is that of the Duke of Veragua, in Andalusia, and his ranch has made a tremendous fortune for him.

The bulls are smaller and more graceful than the common cattle, and properly handled will put up a game fight. That they will not give up without a struggle is proven by the fact that some ten thousand horses were killed by the bulls in the different fights.

Unlike the bulls, the horses are of the cheapest sort, and some are so infirm that they can scarcely totter about the ring until disemboweling brings them relief from their torture.

No Sunday Funerals.

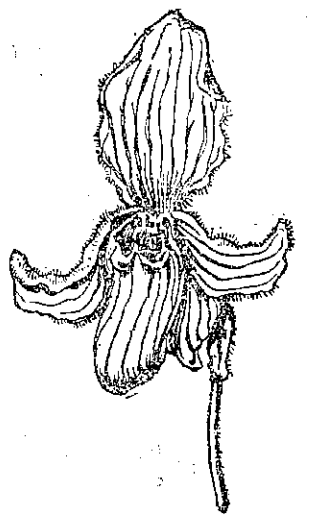
The vicar of All Hallows, a British village, objects to Sunday funerals on the ground that they keep people from the higher duties of worship, cast a shadow of sorrow on the brightest day of the week; break the day of rest and lead people to seek comfort in the poor consolation of a big funeral.

RARE ORCHID DISCOVERED.

After Half a Century's Search Orchid Collectors Rewarded

There came to London in 1857, from India, a miscellaneous stock of orchids. They were duly sold at auction, and some of them were bought by a Mr. Fairlie of Liverpool. In his possession they bloomed, and one of them was recognized as a variety previously unknown and of singular beauty. It was named after its owner—Cypripedium Fairieanum. The Indian collection contained several other specimens of the same plant, and keen was the competition that ensued for their possession. But most of the purchasers simply wasted their money; the plants did not flourish. The original stock dwindled and died.

Meanwhile, India has been ransacked in vain by orchid hunters for other specimens of the plant. Scores of expeditions have gone in



Orchid sought for fifty years.

search of it. Not a few lives have been lost in the perilous quest. But Fairieanum eluded everybody. The money that has been expended in abortive efforts to find it would represent a snug fortune.

The Tibet expedition, which sought to open up the Forbidden Land to the trade of India, brought back specimens of pretty nearly everything that could be obtained in that grim region. One member of the mission who was a botanist discovered a lot of orchids, which were sent to Calcutta. From thence two of them were dispatched to Kew Gardens. One of them has just flowered, and experts have pronounced it the long sought and rediscovered Fairieanum.

Care of Cows in Holland.

In Holland cows are as much a part of the family as the Irishman's pig, for one member of the family always sleeps in the stable to watch and often the place is made a sort of family sitting room.

The cow stable is generally a large building, paved with brick, upon which the cows lie, straw being scarce. There is a paved passage down the center, at one end of which is a fireplace, and the windows are covered with white curtains as dainty as those used in the house proper.

Sometimes the entire family will gather in the stable in the evening, enjoying the warmth of the fire and exchanging the talk of the day, while the cattle always placed with their heads facing the central passage, chew their cuds and almost seem to enjoy the human companionship. These cows are seldom brown, most of them being either black or white, or of the two colors mixed, and because of the fertility of the pasturage and the care taken in their keep they are capable of giving large yields of rich milk. In no place in the world are cows made as much of, and from the annual yield of butter it would seem that the care is not taken in vain.—New York Herald.

Trousers a Passing Fashion.

It may not be known that the familiar soutane or cassock of a Catholic priest was the garment habitually worn by all gentlemen up to comparatively recent times, though it was not always necessarily black. There is a portrait of Dante wearing one of instep length, made on an unmistakable "smarag" pattern. And long gowns were not confined to gentlemen. The habit of a Franciscan friar was the garment worn by the shepherds of Umbria in St. Francis's time, and probably for centuries before and after it.

There is evidence enough of this in our own times, if one travels outside the narrow limits of Western civilization. The man or woman who goes East will see skirted men everywhere — Arabs, Cashmeries Punjabies, Burmans, Chinese, Japanese, Malays, to mention only a few. The present bifurcate system of western Europe, though it seems to the untravelled eye as fixed and unalterable as the Pyramids, is but a passing fashion in the history of male attire.—Grand Magazine.

Heat Caused a Mystery.

For some time the authorities of Hermalleosus, Hay, on the river Meuse, have been much exercised in mind at the mysterious disappearance of iron railings which served as guards to prevent persons inadvertently walking into the river. It was thought that they had been purloined for the sake of the metal, but an investigation proves that they are in the river, and that owing to expansion by the heat they had worked loose in their stone sockets and so fallen into the water.

WHEN COAL WAS $80 A TON.

Retired Naval Officer Recalls the Prices of '62.

"Householders who complain of dear coal," said a retired naval officer the other day, "ought to think of what Uncle Sam had to pay for coal for his ships during the Civil War, and consider themselves fortunate.

"The Civil War led to the establishment of a lot of little private coaling stations all over the world by thrifty persons who hoped that Uncle Sam's ships might come that way about the time they needed coal real bad.

"The old Vanderbilt in 1862 had an experience of that sort. She was looking for the Alabama like a good many more of the Federal ships, and she came to St. Helena just about the time that she was out of coal.

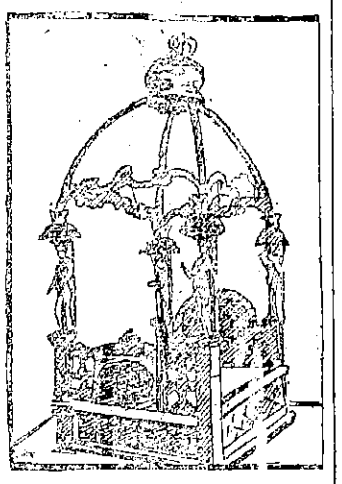
"The officers were delighted to see a red headed Scotchman sitting on a coal pile on the dock and they at once opened up negotiations with him. He demanded $20 a ton gold, and as the rate of exchange was then $2.85, this made the price $80 a ton of Uncle Sam's money.

"The officers protested and refused to take the coal. They put to sea, hoping to reach another port before their stock gave out, but after a run of a few hours the weather began to get nasty and there was nothing for it but to put back and buy 1,000 tons of the Scotchman's coal.

"He said that he liked the United States and sympathized with the North in the war, but he had been sitting on that coal pile for a long time waiting for an American ship to come along, and sympathy didn't buy tobacco and whisky and things."—St. Louis Republic.

Solid Silver Bed.

Every American has heard of the wonderful diamond knobbed beds with gold casters and ruby orna-



ments which the fairies are supposed to sleep in, but there is a bed in London on exhibition that is a marvel of fine silver filigree work. Silver supporters hold the canopy aloft. Silver statues on the bedposts support the canopy, while below the entire architecture of the bed is of massive silver, beautifully ornamented in the finest Moorish filigree, seen in palaces where Kings kept their treasure.

Shah Will Not Sleep in a Bed.

The Shah of Persia never under any circumstances sleeps on a bedstead, and no matter where he has stayed, whether it be in royal palaces or hovels, he has either had the bedstead removed from his sleeping apartments or else has relegated it to some remote corner, so as to enable him to sleep in the exact center of the room on a couple of huge cushions or soft Oriental mattresses stretched on the floor.

And just behind the cushion on which his head rests there is always a small table, on which are five portraits. The center one is of himself. It is flanked on either side by those of King Edward and Queen Alexandra, while beyond them, on either side, are the pictures of the Emperor and Empress of Russia.

These portraits accompany him everywhere, and may be said to watch over his slumbers in his own dominions as well as abroad. In the sleeping apartments of his palace at Teheran there are, of course, no bedsteads. It is all around the room are pianolas, immense music boxes, and even hand organs, such as infest the streets of most of the big cities of America.

Great Telephone Center.

Telephonic communication with the German empire continues to make progress, and to-day it is possible to speak from Berlin to more than 3,000 places. Naturally not all have direct communication by special wire with the capital, but there are five trunk lines which radiate from Berlin, and these constitute the main lines of the system.

It is not perhaps generally known that the telephone exchanges in Germany suspend all work when a thunderstorm is in progress, but even this will be no longer the case when all the subscribers' wires are laid underground.

Automatic Billiard Table.

A German inventor has patented an automatic billiard table. The scheme is on the nickel in the slot plan. One drops a coin into the receptacle and billiard balls are produced from hidden pockets. At the end of a quarter of an hour they automatically return to their pockets. There is no need here for a man to look after the table, and there is no opportunity for the players to defraud its owners.

$100,000,000 OF CITY HALLS.

Philadelphia Has the Most Costly in America.

The 175 chief cities of America have $100,000,000 invested in city halls. Philadelphia leads with a $27,000,000 City Hall, and San Francisco follows with one worth $8,-200,000.

After these cities come Boston, with a city hall representing $7,500,-000; New York, with one standing for $7,000,000, and Baltimore, with a $5,000,000 structure and grounds. The value in each case is based upon the value of the city hall itself and the park surrounding it.

Every American city of more than 300,000 population has at least a million dollar city hall with the exception of New Orleans. St. Louis, Cincinnati and Detroit have buildings worth more than $2,000,000 each. Chicago falls $250,000 below that figure. Pittsburg and Milwaukee follow.

Among minor American cities which have elaborate city halls are Richmond, Va.; Minneapolis and Providence. Indianapolis, which has a stately State House, has an inferior city hall. Toledo and Atlanta have small municipal buildings. The Denver city hall is valued at $265,-000; that of East St. Louis, a place of much less importance, has one that cost $425,000.

Houston, Tex., has a $550,000 city hall, and Memphis one costing only $35,000.—New York Sun.

Decorating With Stamps.

Between nine and ten million stamps are employed in the decoration of the walls of the refectory of the Hospice of St. Jean de Dieu, at Ghent.

For years the monks have utilized their leisure time in the formation of landscapes from bits of stamps, at a distance one would never believe that only stamps have been used in their making, so rich are the colorings and so perfect the drawing.

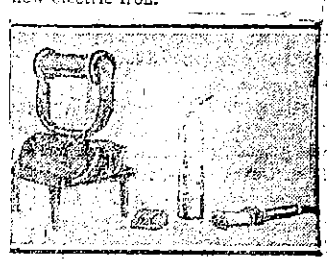
The idea originated with one of the brothers who made a small picture of the patron saint of the hospice on the walls of his cell.

Appreciating the beauty of his work, the prior suggested that he devote his unique talent to the decoration of the walls of the refectory, and with the assistance of others among the brotherhood the monk has devoted years to the work, which stands unique among art productions.

Seen close at hand the work resembles mosaic, but from across the room the bits blend so well together as to suggest oils. Only three sides of the room are yet completed and contributions of stamps are constantly being received from visitors who have seen the work and have become interested.

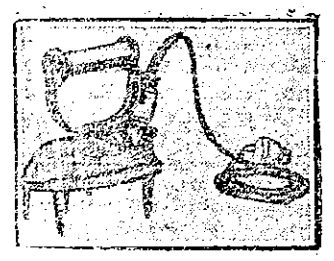
Electric Heating Iron.

The Electric Review describes a new electric iron.



Parts of Electric Flatiron.

This flatiron, is is claimed, is so far superior to the old fashioned flatiron that a large laundry in which they were experimented with has now equipped its entire plant with them. The heating unit is a resistance coil of liberal cross section enclosed by a metal shell. The coil is so designed that the heat flows to the work as fast as it is generated. The iron thus remains evenly hot under the most constant use and no work is



Electric Flatiron Complete With Cord and Plug.

delayed by a cold iron or scorched by an overheated one.

The saving in time and labor by avoiding frequent trips to the stove makes this method of ironing greatly to be preferred. The handle is made of fiber and remains cool. Travelers with an electric iron may steal a little electricity from the hotel in which they are stopping by inserting a plug in the electric light socket and do their own ironing while they wait—for dinner.

Egyptian Embalming Fluid.

And now, after elaborate experiments, it is declared that the embalming fluid in use by the ancient Egyptians is nothing more nor less than the castor oil of commerce. Instead of some intricate and involved process, the "70 days in natron" was followed by the injection of castor oil, and Mr. Berthelot, secretary of the Louvre museum, has established this fact beyond a doubt. Many investigators have vainly sought to fathom the mystery of the preparation of the preserving unguents, but they have gone about their work with the idea that complicated formulae were to be deducted and have defeated their own ends through elaborateness of research.

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

CITY BRIEFS

But one more day of February.

No work at the Boston and Maine dock.

Try a Herald want ad. for good results.

The Elks scored another success last night.

Bowling has now taken the place of dancing.

All the live local news of the day in the Herald.

There is a case of diphtheria at the South End.

Portsmouth will be represented at the inauguration.

Have your shoes repaired at John Mott's, 34 Congress street.

Now for some good healthy weather. Death to the grip germs.

Local secret societies are now looking for a lull in festivities.

There is much for the Ministers' Association to do just at present.

It looks as if we will be compelled to patch up our municipal building.

There are three new scandals afloat that concern prominent families.

The town of York still has its troubles. The bridge is the cause of it all.

There is to be a candle pin team match next week between Dover and Portsmouth.

Been a pretty fair winter for life saving crews on the New Hampshire coast.

The High school in Newburyport appears to be made up of some sporting blood.

Smelt fishermen are once more in evidence at Great Bay and good catches are reported.

See the automobile in Margeson Bros. that is to be given as first prize at the Elks' fair.

Several new box cars and locomotives for the Boston and Maine will shortly be put on the rail.

The schooner Marie Palmer came out of the Spruce Creek mud at high tide last evening. She was uninjured.

The handsome Maxwell automobile which the Elks are to give away is now to be seen in Margeson Bros. window.

The Union Rebekah Lodge of this city are to give a Rubber Social next Tuesday evening at Odd Fellows Hall.

The Gloversville basketball team defeated the St. Johnsbury team at St. Johnsbury on Thursday night by a score of 23 to 16.

The up-to-date Maxwell car which is to be given away at the Elks' fair was placed on exhibition in Margeson Bros. window this noon.

With the street and water departmen combined under the head of public works it will reduce the duties of the next board of councilors.

Henderson and Thomas playing Music Hall this week recently closed an engagement of seven successive weeks at a Providence theatre.

Alfred Shrubb proved to be in a class by himself for fifteen miles when he not only defeated Dorando but created a new indoor record for the distance. Lucky Mr. Longboat.

Hives, eczema, itch or salt rheum sets you crazy. Can't bear the touch of your clothing. Doan's Ointment cures the most obstinate cases. Why suffer. All druggists sell it.

The recent production, "The Daughters of 1776," given by the King's Daughters of the North church at Association Hall, is still being talked over. It was one of the finest local performances for some time and a strong effort is being made to have the participants consent to repeat it.

NAVY ORDERS

Commander H. C. Gearing, to retired list after thirty years' service.

Lieutenant Commander J. R. Y. Blakely, additional duty as ordinance officer of the Maine.

Lieutenant C. R. Miller, orders to the Mississippi revoked, detached from the Illinois to naval medical school hospital, Washington, for treatment.

Ensign W. A. Glassford, the Preble to the Independence, Mare Island.

Midshipman A. G. Dibrell, the Ohio to the Idaho.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. W. Backus, to duty naval hospital, Narragansett bay, R. I.

Passed Assistant Surgeon P. E. McDonnold, the Connecticut to temporary duty training station, Narragansett bay, R. I.

Paymaster D. Potter, navy yard, New York, to bureau of supplies and accounts, navy department, Washington.

Arrived — Hartford at Hampton Roads.

Sailed—Tingey and Wilkes, Nathez for Pensacola; Culgoa, Hampton Roads for New York; Paul Jones and Perry, Mare Island for San Pedro.

VARNEY TRIAL TO BE HERE

Defaulting Cashier's Case Soon

Among the important cases for the United States district court which convenes in this city next month, is the Somersworth embezzlement case, when the former cashier, Fred M. Varney, of the First National bank of that city, will come for trial on the 15th.

He is accused of fraudulently applying the sum of $85,000 of the bank funds.

THE NAVY YARDS HERE AND AWAY

Inspector Hicks Here

Thomas H. Hicks, pay inspector, is here inspecting accounts at the navy pay corps.

More Work for Supplies and Accounts

On and after March 1, 1909, the bureau of supplies and accounts will be charged with all that pertains to the purchase of coal and other fuels for steamers' and ships' use, including the expenses of transportation, storage and handling of the same; also with purchase, transportation and storage of water for all purposes on board naval vessels. Coal for fleets, squadrons, or vessels acting singly, not in the vicinity of navy yards, stations or coaling depots, will be furnished by the bureau of supplies and accounts in such quantities, at such places, and on such dates as may be indicated by the bureau of navigation.

Ordered to Pensacola

Pay Clerk Frank M. Varrell of this city, now at League Island navy yard, has been appointed clerk at Pensacola navy yard.

Was One of the Honorary Pallbearers

Rear Admiral Francis M. Ramsey, father of Paymaster M. M. Ramsey of this yard, was one of the honorary pallbearers at the funeral of the late Admiral Samuel R. Franklin, which occurred at St. Matthew's Catholic church at Washington on Friday.

On the Examining Board

Chaplain Frank Thompson returned today from Washington, where he has been acting as a member of the examining board which has been hearing the applicants for positions as chaplain in the navy.

A Very Sick Man

Reports today from the bedside of Messenger Joseph R. Curtis indicate that he is a very sick man.

Without a Clerk

Indications are that some of the master mechanics and chiefs will be required to do their own clerical work.

Out of His Time

Martin Damm, a former flute player of the band at this yard who made the world's trip on the Kansas, has finished his term of enlistment will take up a residence in this city.

Reported With the Army

It is reported that Hans Lund, a former cornetist in the marine band, has enlisted in one of the army bands along the coast.

Will Require Thirty Men

The arrival of the cargo of coal will give a little work and money to about thirty laborers.

May Come Back Here

Some of the musicians sent on the trip with the fleet are likely to be sent back to the marine band here. Five were ordered to make the trip, one became sick and was discharged another took it on the hot foot, leaving three to go on the cruise.

Getting Up a Breakfast Appetite

The marine guard was out bright and early this morning for a good strong hike about the island.

Will Visit in the South

Mrs. A. V. Zane and daughter are to visit in the South and later at San Juan, P. R.

Again Transferred

Constructor W. J. Maxwell, detached from the U. S. S. Marietta while at this yard and ordered to New York navy yard, has been again transferred, this time to the general board at Washington.

Bundle Sale
of
Sheet Music

2000 Copies of Vocal and Instrmental Sheet Music to be Sacrificed at 2c per copy
5 Copies assorted in each bundle 10c per bundle.
Look into our window.

H. P. Montgomery's
6 Pleasant Street Opp. Postoffice

PRESENTED WITH GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN

Portsmouth Lodge of Elks Show Their Appreciation of Good Work of Exalted Ruler E. L. Chaney

Exalted ruler, Ernest L. Chaney of the Portsmouth lodge of Elks, was presented with a handsome gold watch, chain and $20 in gold by the members of the lodge, on Friday evening.

The presentation was made after the regular meeting of the lodge during which two members were infated District Deputy Grand Exalted Ruler, W. H. Barry of Nashua was present and after the work he stepped forward and in behalf of the Portsmouth lodge of Elks presented Mr. Chaney



ERNEST L. CHANEY,
Exalted Ruler, Portsmouth Lodge of Elks

with the watch chain and gold piece. He stated that it was a recognition of the careful stewardship that he had exercised over the lodge since he held the present office.

To say that Mr. Chaney was surprised was putting it mildly. He had not the least suspicion that there was anything of that nature on foot and it required some little time for him to gather himself and return his thanks which he did in a very neat little speech.

Mr. Chaney has been the exalted ruler for the past two years and he has been very active in the efforts to secure an Elks Home and it was due to his good work and careful business tact that it was secured. The members have greatly appreciated his good office and they expressed it in a very substantial manner on Friday evening.

Following the regular work and presentation a fine supper was served by the club's chief.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get Doan's Regulets. They operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

A NEW RESTAURANT

When you are hungry and want a good meal at a reasonable price call at No. 104 Market street, where Frank Barone is conducting a new restaurant and serving steaks, chops and other fancy dishes. Open from 6 a. m. to 11 p. m.

BALD-HEAD EAGLES

It's not robins this time, but bald-head eagles, which have passed the winter in the swamps near the Jim Blaine house on the Rye road, and near the Nancy Drew farm on the Dover branch.

GEORGE AT THE DESK AGAIN

George M. Ayers, the well known sand-master, has taken a position as freight clerk at the local freight office of the Boston and Maine railroad. Mr. Ayers was formerly a clerk at the postoffice.

PERSONALS

Dr. E. O. Crossman is on the road to recovery.

J. C. Munger of Concord is in Portsmouth today.

Mrs. E. B. Eastman is passing the day in Boston.

Hon. Woodbury Langdon of New York is in the city.

Florence Garrett has recovered from a ten days' illness.

Miss Addie Clark of Islington street is ill with the grip.

Arthur M. Doolittle is seriously ill at his home in Greenland.

Miss Jessie Hutchins of this city is passing the winter in Ohio.

Napoleon Crodeau of York was a Portsmouth visitor this morning.

Capt. W. H. Jacques came up from Little Boar's Head this morning.

B. F. Webster and family are due to arrive in New York from Bermuda today.

Deputy Collector of Customs J. Frank Magraw is out after a week's illness.

Mrs. Edward Smith is confined to her home on Gates street with a severe cold.

Mrs. Lucy Burke of Deer st. is passing a few weeks as the guest of her daughter in Lynn.

L. G. Young, who has been confined to his residence for the past ten days, is improving.

Mrs. Holman Marr of Kittery is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Helen Osgood of Dennett Street.

Bernard Linchy, wharfinger at the dock of Gray and Prime, is confined to his home with a severe case of grip.

Mildred Peyser, stenographer at the Granite State Fire Insurance office, is confined to her home by illness.

Mr. Melville Neal who has been the guest of his brother, Dr. J. W. Neal of Middle st. has returned to Portland.

Winthrop Danielson of Lynn, formerly of this city, who has been quite sick with appendicitis, slowly recovering.

Assistant Paymaster M. H. Philbrick, U. S. N., who has been passing a week here, is now visiting in Boston.

Rev. Henry E. Hovey is reported as being seriously ill at a Boston Hospital with but little if any, improvement in his condition.

Hon. Wallace Hackett leaves on Tuesday for Washington to attend the inauguration. Mrs. Hackett and daughter are already there.

Mrs. Addison Tobey, who has been quite ill at her home at the Intervene, has recovered and was the guest of relatives in this city yesterday.

Mrs. Arthur Whiting who has been the guest of relatives in Concord, left that city for Boston, and after a few days visit there, will return to her home in this city.

FORESTERS' NOTICE

All members of Court Rockingham desiring to attend the funeral of Brother James Driscoll, will meet at the hall at 2.30 p. m. Sunday.

W. M. Ballard.
Chief Ranger.

A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints sciatica, lumbagos, backache, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treatment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify—no change if climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffend joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box R, Notre Dame Ind.

BIRTHDAY PARTY

Friends Have Pleasant Evening with Mrs. Edward Pike

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pike of 31 Richards avenue entertained a party of friends at their home, on Friday evening, the occasion being the birthday anniversary of Mrs. Pike. The evening was passed in a very pleaant manner with music, games and refreshments. The hostess received many token from friends and neighbors in remembrance of the occasion and proved herself a most royal entertainer.

Among those present were: William Penney, Miss Edith Parsons, Miss Nellie Burgess, Mr. Cornell, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. Bridle, Mrs. Nichols, Charles Hutchins, Luke Woodbury, Amos Tarbox.

THE BIDS OPENED

For Erection of Davis Slaughtering and Rendering Plant

The bids were opened this forenoon at the office of Kelley, Harding and Hatch, for the construction of a slaughtering and rendering plant for Mr. Charles Davis of Haverhill, Mass., on the Huntress place, in Ward 1.

No figures were given out and the announcement was made that the contract will not be awarded before Monday.

THEY WERE CLASSMATES

Rev. Alfred Gooding Attending the Banquet and Reunion at Harvard

Rev. Alfred Gooding is in Cambridge today attending a class reunion and banquet at Harvard University, given in honor of the new president, Abbott L. Lowell, a classmate of the Portsmouth pastor.

WORKING AT LYNN

Several members of Oak Castle, Knights of Golden Eagle, go to Lynn today where they assist in the degree work to be given at a meeting of the several Castles in that city.



WE HAVE THE REPUTATION FOR PROMPT DELIVERY

We don't dilly dally—we act! We have good men, good horses, good wagons and good

GOOD COAL

'Phone us your order in

COAL or WOOD
C. E. WALKER & CO.
'Phone 264.
Cor. State & Water Sts.

INSURANCE
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Agency established 1863

The daily papers are replete with accounts of serious accidents and of large verdicts rendered by courts because of

personal injuries

resulting from

slipping on sidewalks

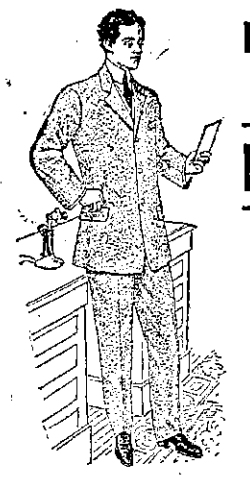
snow, ice or slates falling from roof, open coal holes, defective floors or stairways, falling of blinds or signs, or any other defects on premises.

Owners, trustees, and tenants of property, protect yourselves against claims and suits for such injuries by purchasing a liability policy. For an accident causing death or injury to

one person $5,000
to several persons $10,000

For information and particulars for his and all other forms of accident and liability insurance, apply to

E. P. Stoddard
—Phone 627—
8 Market Square.
Agent Aetna Life Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn. Liability Dep't



END OF SEASON CLEARANCE SALE OF
MEN'S WINTER SUITS

If you have need of a smart, fashionable Suit, take advantage of this last sale of the season.

Every Winter Suit must go. Prices have been cut regardless of former profits, we must have room for in-coming Spring Goods, and you reap the harvest of our great bargain offering.

You Can Save $3.00 to $7.00 on a Suit

F. W. LYDSTON & COMPANY

Towle's Best 38c Coffee only
29c lb.
The finest line of TEA in Portsmouth
BUTTER CHEESE EGGS
HOT COFFEE SERVED FREE EVERY SATURDAY
THE BUTTER STORE
40 CONGRESS STREET
C. A. Towle, Proprietor

OUR SPRING
WOOLENS
Arearriving daily; You had better look them over early in the season
CHARLES J. WOOD
5 PLEASANT STREET.
TELEPHONE

AKRON SALT GLAZED
SEWER PIPE
---ALL SIZES---
A P. WENDELL & CO.
2 Market Square
Right Where the Cars Stop

Remember the name---
It means all that is good in fuel
for your Range, Furnace or Open Grate,
Try some Cannel for your Grate, it is Great.
GRAY & PRIME,
TELEPHONE 23. 111 MARKET STREET.

SEASON OF 1908-9

We wish to inform you and our many patrons that we have received our wall paper stuffs for the season. These comprise the latest designs of foreign and domestic manufacture, and your inspection, whether wishing to purchase or not, will be appreciated. Since established in the house painting and decorating business in Portsmouth we have used every effort in the interests of our customers. All work receives our prompt and careful attention and finished at the lowest possible figure. We shall be glad to call and furnish estimates on any work required.

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